

TEXTS

8.0. Script and transcription

All Svan texts (including even those composed by the Authors) have been recorded in Georgian script and are transcribed here, as well as all Svan material in this book, according to the current kartvelological transcription accepted by the Academy of Sciences of the Georgian SSR:

a - ა	e - ე	k - კ	p - პ	p - ყ	z - ძ	ə - ჸ
ə - ს	ɛ - ს	l - ლ	z - ჟ	k - ქ	ç - ჭ	ə - ჸ
ɔ - შ	w - ვ	m - მ	r - რ	y - ყ	ξ - ჴ	
ɑ - ზ	z - ჳ	n - ნ	s - ს	g - გ	x - ხ	
b - ბ	t - თ	j - ჟ	t - ტ	g - ჟ	q - ჹ	
g - გ	i - ი	o - ი	u - უ	b - ბ	ʒ - ჵ	
d - დ	ɪ - ი	ö - ი	ü - უ	c - ც	h - ჸ	

The modern standard Georgian script has no capital letters, therefore we do not use them in transliteration from Georgian (cf. the Sources). But we do not feel obliged not to use them in transcribing Svan texts, and so we introduce these letters further in accordance with the European tradition.

By the morphemeal division only morphemes with the grammatical (morphosyntactical) meaning are shown, the derivational elements are not distinguished (prefixes in verbals, suffixes of iterativity, etc.). Plusses + indicate more (entirely) or less (apparently distinguished though changed) phonetically fused morphemes.

The indirect-object prefix *x-* of the 3rd person is morphemically "translated" as singular "him", "to it", "on it", or plural "them" according to the context in nominative or in ergative sentences, while in dative sentences it is "translated" as singular, only.

The ending of the 3rd person plural *-x* is marked PL in dative sentences thus showing the plural of the logical subject, translated by the singular "him", "to it" of the prefix *x-*, there.

The neutral versionizer *a*, leaving no traces in the aorist (11–12) forms, is pointed out in the analysis if it has been preceded by the personal prefix *x-*, as in 11. *arkwicx* < **a-x-a*, or, sometimes, if it is represented in the corresponding present (1–10) form, e. g. 1. *äsgę* vrs. 11. *adasię* (= **asię* vrs. **adasię*).



Mestia

As a rule, the version is shown semantically, not in accordance with its representation by versionizers, cf. -a-, -e- ExVS, or "VS", though this principle is not being kept consistently.

Baltists are recommended to pay attention to the last two folklore texts, one of which is supplied with literal Lithuanian translations instead of the morpheme division. All English translations are also literal, not literary.

8.1. Al läjri awtorälzi

Näj, Čatod Gužejjänd i Leťad Palmajtid, otjired¹ al läjir 1983 zawži. Mi, Čato Gužejjän, xwi latne² 1941 zawži, xwi mušwän Məlaxxän. Mizgra³ Tbilisi uniwersitet kawķasijologijā specijalobit⁴. Lušnvi gramatiķa mitwra⁵ Warlam Topurijāš, Maksime Käldānāš i Tinatin Šaradzenižē läjralš. Matwerda al sagāns⁶ Zurab Čumburiže. Atxe xwašdba⁷ Švānjā muzewumisga. Mi, Leťa Palmajti⁸, xwi latne 1944 zawži, xwi lițwel. Mizgra Leningradi uniwersitet semižologijā specijalobit. 1975 zawži Wilnis otzegir baltišķi aspirantu i atxe xwi baltišķi. Mäjin̄teres⁹ nənre¹⁰ tipologija i amja 1976–1980 zājārisga xwešdabdās Sakartvelos¹¹ kartwelur i indojevropul¹² nənre mimartebaži¹³. Swanologijas matwerdax Maksime Käldān i Zurab Čumburiže. Lämmarjwe¹⁴ čube mušwänd Aleksandre Wonjänd, xedwājcaxān xwāj lušnu tekšt otčodān¹⁵. 1977 zawži xwardās¹⁶ Meſjas i Čato Gužejjänā xelm̄ywanelobit xwitordās lušnus. Ečkas oxwgwabed¹⁷ lušnvi leksiķaj. Maqwāms xwaſūli¹⁸ ažay Cijala Čartolāns i Däwit Čeredjāns, ežjär lagərgāl¹⁹ lušnus matwerdax.

al	läjri	awtor-äl-ži.	näj, čato-d	gužejjän-d
this "NOM"	book-GEN	author-PL-on	we	Chato-ERG Gudjedyan-ERG
i	leťa-d	palmajti-d ⁸	ot-jir-e ¹ -d	al
and	Leta-ERG	Palmaiti-ERG	11:PV+1.ExVS-write-AOR-PL	this
läjir	atās	i	čxarāšir	i
bookABS/NOM	1000	and	arāšd-i-sam	zaw-ži.
čato	gužejjän,	xw-i	latne ²	mi,
Chato	GudjedyanNOM	1:1.ExVS-THEME	atās	i
wōštxwešd-i-aškw	zaw-ži,	xwi	80-and-3.DAT	čxarāšir i
4+10-and-1.DAT	yearDAT-on	1:am-	born	1000
m-i-zgr-a ³	tbilisi		and	900
	i		uniwersitet	and
13: 1.IVS—"IVS"-finish-rsl	Tbilisi-GEN			
kawķasijologijā	specijalob-it ⁴ .			
CaucasologyGEN	speciality-Geor.INST.			
m-i-twra ⁵	warlam	Topurijāš,	maksime	käldān-āš
13: 1.IVS—"IVS"-study-rsl	Varlam	TopuriaGEN	Maksime	Kaldan-GEN
i	tinatin Šaradzenižē	läjri-al-āw.	m-a-twer-da ⁵	
and	Tinatin SharadzenidzeGEN	writing-PL-INST.	2:1.IVS-NVS-study-IF	
al	sagān-s ⁶	zurab Čumburiže.	atxe	xw-a-šdb-a ⁷
this	subject-DAT	Zurab ChumburidzeNOM	now	1:1.ExVS-NVS-work-THEME
Švānjā	muzewum-isga.	mi, leťa	palmajti ⁸ ,	xwi latne ²
SvaniaGEN	museumDAT-in	I	Leta(s)	atās
			Palmaiti(s)NOM	am borne 1000

i čxarāšir i wōštxwešd-i-wōštxw zaw-ži, xwi lițwel.
 and 900 and 40-and-4 yearDAT-on am a Lithuanian
 m-i-zgr-a³ leningrad-i uniwersitet
 13: 1. IVS-"NVS"-fnišh-rsl Leningrad-GEN universityNOM
 semičiologijā specialibit⁴. atās i čxarāšir i išgwdišd-i-woxwišd
 semitologyGEN specialityINST. 1000 and 900 and 70-and-5
 zaw-ži wilniu-s⁸ ot-zəgir³ baltiſtičā
 yearDAT-on Vilniu-LOC/DAT 11:PV+1.ExVS-finish baltisticaGEN
 aspirančura i atxe xwi baltiſt.
 post-graduate courseABS/NOM and now am baltistNOM
 m-ā+jin̄teres⁹ nən-r-e¹⁰ tipologija i amya
 1:1.IVS-NVS+interest language-PL-GEN typologyNOM and therefore
 atās i čxarāšir i išgwdišd-i-usgwa atās i čxarāšir i arāšd
 1000 and 900 and 70-and-6 NOM 1000 and 900 and 80
 zāj-ār-isga xw-e-šdab-dās⁷ sakartwelo-s¹¹ kartweļur¹²
 year-PL-in 2:1.ExVS-VS-work-IF+1,2SG Georgia-LOC/DAT Kartvelian
 i indoewropul¹² nen-r-e mimarbeba¹³-ži. swanologija-s
 and Indo-European language-PL-GEN relation-on Svanology-DAT
 m-a-twer-da-x⁵ maksime kăldān i zurab čumburiže.
 2:1.IVS-NVS-study-IF-PL Maksime KaldanNOM and Zurab ChumburidzeNOM
 lä+m-marjw-e¹⁴ ažay čube mušwān-d aleksandre
 11:PV+1.IVS+IVS-help-AOR also Lower a Svan-ERG Aleksandre "NOM"
 wonjān-d, xedwāj-caxān xwāj lušnu ţekst
 Onyan-ERG who-with many Svan textABS/NOM
 ot-čodān¹⁵. atās i čxarāšir i išgwdišd-i-šwid
 11:PV+1.ExVS-read 1000 and 900 and 70-and+7
 zaw-ži xw-a-rd-ās¹⁶ mestja-s i čato
 yearDAT-on 2:1.ExVS-NVS-exist-IF+1,2SG Mestja-LOC/DAT and Chato
 gužežjān-ā xelmywanelobit⁴ xw-i-tor-dās⁵
 Gudgedjyan-GEN directionINST. 2:1.ExVS-IVS-study-IF+1,2SG
 lušnu-s. ečkas oxw-qwab-e¹⁷ lušnw-i
 Svan-DAT then 11:PV+1.PL.EXC.ExVS-collect-AOR-PL Svan-GEN
 leksiča-j. maqwām-s xw-a-ťūl-i¹⁸ ažay cijala
 lexicsNOM-also thanks-DAT 1:1.ExVS-NVS-cry-THEME also Tsiala
 čartolān-s i dāwīt čeredjān-s, ejj-ār lagərgāl¹⁹
 Chartolan-DAT and Davit Tseredyan-DAT they-PL.NOM spoken
 lušnu-s m-a-twer-da-x⁵.
 Svan-DAT 2:1.IVS-NVS-study-IF-PL

About the Authors of this Book

We, Chato Gudgedjyan and Letas Palmaitis, wrote this book in 1983. I am Chato Gudgedjyan, born in 1941, a Svan from Mulakh. I am a graduate of Tbilisi University where I specialized in Caucasian linguistics. I have learned Svan grammar from the

works of Varlam Topuria, Maksime Kaldan and Tinatin Sharadzenidze. It was Zurab Chumburidze who gave me lectures on this subject. Now I am working at the Svania Museum. I am Letas Palmaitis, born in 1944, a Lithuanian. I am a graduate of Leningrad University where I specialized in Semitic linguistics. In 1975, in Vilnius, I completed a post-graduate course in Baltic linguistics and now I am a baltist. As I am interested in language typology, in 1976–1980, in Georgia, I was working at Kartvelian–Indo-European linguistic relations. Maksime Kaldan and Zurab Chumburidze taught me svanology. I was assisted by Aleksandre Onyan, a Lower Svan, with whom I read various Svan texts. In 1977, while in Mestya, I studied Svan under the direction of Miss Chato Gudjedjyan. At that time we also collected Svan lexis. I express my gratitude, also, to Mrs. Tsiala Chartolan and to Dawit Tseredyan who taught me spoken Svan.

8.2. Žibe Šwān

Žibe Šwān li Jenguri yär lekwa Ušgulneš i hēmoššäl Šwārməq (Jenguri Ušguls ibni²¹ Šxāri kožārisga). Amiš i amī nēsga izge¹⁷⁷ Žibe Šwanär, lušnud mægərgäl²². Usurmänxan²³ xoša kožär i wolär xoči²⁴ Šwāns i ime-ime gar lix tanýär ečxānču läzd²⁵. Al kožärs Kawķasijon xažxax²⁶ juywāš i juywā pild. Šwānjä²⁷ soplär²⁸ laxwārisga i xoša lähil ɬaljare yařalisga lix i amja sgäwi²⁹ Raç-Leťkumte i Zānte³⁰ zagrälka gar li läz, mare zawlädä³¹ mus dämë zagärs xâz u xočel läz li.

Lušnu mōš nin li, luznuj mōš nin li i kartwili³², mare iwalandır Šwanär i zanär i sgäwišär uškwāreš läswx Sakartwelojisa, ešku nacija lix i mérme-mérme dämčiks kmärr³³. Aljärs yertälli arabara xançmənx³⁴ mehad. Lixlçip³⁵ änbinöl, ečaneš xelçip³⁵ ešku xeqändax³⁶ i, mäj esama lijri-liçwdānis xexebölnöl³⁷, ežäj eči řan arda³⁸. 3werileyws³⁹ dësa xwišdnej⁴⁰, ado imwāj nin amži dösgneš megwlëla⁴¹, lädi näj uškwär deš xomquerid⁴², eče ešku nacija 3wir-3wir gar sid⁴³. Lädi nini mecnijerä⁴⁴ Tbilisisgäj mérma kwegnärisgäj⁴⁵ ácxrex⁴⁶, mäj nuķwiš do lix nacädw⁴⁷ lušnuj luznuj kartwil mänķwinëš, aškw nənži gar jer igärgälnöl¹x²² mäg, ečaneš.

žibe Šwān	li	jengur-i	yär	lekwa	ušgul-neš
Upper Svania	NOM	1:3.Ex-VS-THEME	Engur-GEN	valley	down Ushgul-from
i	hēmoššäl	Šwār-məq	(jengur-i	ušgul-s	
also	somehow-similar	DjvariDAT-at	EngurNOM-also	Ushgul-LOC/DAT	
i-bn-i ²¹	šxār-i	kož-är-isga).	am+š	i	am+š
1:IVS-begin-MD	Shkhar-GEN	rock-PL-in	this+GEN	also	this+GEN
nēsga	i-zg-e-x ¹⁷⁷	žibe Šwan-är,		lušnu-d	
between	1:IVS-dwell-THEME-PL	Upper Svan-PL.NOM	Svan-TFM		
mægərgäl ²² .	usurmän ²³	-xān xoša kož-är	i	wol-är	
n.a.speaking	Moslem-from	big rock-PL.NOM	also	glacier-PL.NOM	
x-o-či ²⁴	šwān-s	i	ime-ime	gar li-x	
1:from it-Ex-VS-hide	Svania-DAT	also	where-where	only 1:is-PL	
tanýär	ečxān-ču	läz-d ²⁵	al	kož-är-s	
pass-PL.NOM	from there-below	transitionish-TFM	This	rock-PL-DAT	

kawkašijon x-a-žx-a-x²⁶
 the CaucasusNOM 1:to it.-"NVS"-name-RSL-PL seaGEN also seaGEN
 pil-d. šwän-jä²⁷ sopl-är²⁸ laxw-är-isga -j
 shore-TFM Svania-GEN village-PL.NOM Alpine meadow-PL-in also
 xoša läyäl čalj-ar-e γar-äl-isga li-x i
 big environmentNOM.AV river-PL-GEN valley-PL-in 1:is-PL also
 amya sgäw²⁹ -i rač-lečkum-te -j zän³⁰-te
 therefore inside-also Racha-Lechkhumi DAT-to also Megrelia-to
 zagr-äl-ka gar li läz, mare zawlädä³¹
 ridge-PL-DAT only is transitionNOM but unsnowy periodNOM.AV
 mus dämē zagär-s x-äz i xočel
 snowNOM nowhereGEN ridge-LOC/DAT 1:on it.-"NVS"+put also better
 läz li. lušnu möš nin li, luznu-j
 transitionNOM is SvanNOM separate languageNOM is Zan-also
 möš nin li i kartwil³² -i, mare iwalendir
 separate languageNOM is also Georgian-also but for ages
 šwan-är i zan-är i sgäwiš-är ušxwär-eš
 Svan-PL.NOM also Zan-PL.NOM also Georgian-PL.NOM one-another-GEN
 l-äsw-x sakartwelo¹¹ j-isga, ešxu nacija li-x i
 2:3.ExVS-NVS+be-PL Georgia-GLIDE-in one nationNOM is-PL also
 mérme-mérme dämčiks ləmär-x³³. alj-är-s yert+äl-i arabara
 other-other never 8:been-PL this-PL-DAT god+PL-also identicalNOM
 x-a-nçm-an-x³⁴ mehad. ixəlcip³⁵ än-bin-öl²¹,
 2:him.-"NVS"-believe-PRT.MD-PL always reignNOM 7:PV+IVS-begin-COND
 eča-neš xelcip-i³⁵ ešxu x-e-qän-da-x³⁶ i mäj
 that-from kingNOM-also oneNOM 2:him.-"VS"-be-IF-PL also RELwhatNOM
 esama lijri-ličwdâni-s x-e-xeb-öl-n-öl³⁷,
 if some writing-reading-DAT 6:to it-ExVS-concern-'"PASS"-FT-COND
 ečä-j eč+i šen a-rd-a³⁸,
 .that-also that+GEN handLOC/DAT.AV 2:NVS-exist-IF
 žwer-i-leyw-s³⁹ dësa xw-ädn-e-x⁴⁰, ado
 flesh-also-meat-DAT not 1:1.ExVS-IVS+forget-THEME-PL otherwise
 imwäj nin amži dösg-neš megwlël⁴¹ -a, lädi
 RELwhere languageNOM thus early-from 13:separated-DEM to-day
 näj ušxwär deš
 we(DAT) one anotherNOM not-by-any-means
 xo-mqer-i-d⁴², eče ešxu nacija žwir-žwir
 1:1.ExVS+ExVS-understand-THEME-PL there one nationNOM seldom
 gar sid⁴³ lädi nin-i mecnijër-äl⁴⁴
 only 1:is remaining to-day language-GEN expert-PL.NOM
 tbilis-isgä+j mérma kwegn⁴⁵ -är-isgä+j
 TbilisiDAT-in+also otherDAT country-PL-in-also

ä+cxr-e-x ⁴⁶ ,		mäj	nukw-iš-d	do	li-x
1:NVS+elucidate-THEME-PL	what		form-GEN-TFM	then	1:iš-PL
nacädw ⁴⁷	lušnu-j	luznu-j	kartwil		mänkwi-neš,
substituted	SvanNOM-also	ZanNOM-also	GeorgianNOM		firstly-from
äšxw	nən-zí	gar	i-gərgäl-n-öł-x ²²		mäg,
oneDAT	languageDAT-on	only	that	6:IVS-speak-FT-COND-PL	allNOM
eča-neš.					
that-from					

Upper Svania

Upper Svania stretches downwards along the valley of Engur, from Ushgul almost to Djvari²⁰ (Engur, in its turn, begins in the Ushgulian rocks of Shkhar). In between them dwell the Svan-speaking Upper Svans. High rocks and glaciers hide Svania from the Moslem North, and there are only a few transits to pass from there down. These rocks are called 'Caucasus' from the coast of the one sea up to that of the other sea. The settlements of Svania are in the Alpine meadows and mostly in river-valleys, therefore the transit inside, to Racha-Lechkhumi and Megrelia, is only over the mountain-ridges, too; the best transit, however, is during the period³¹ when there is no snow anywhere on the ridge.

Svan is a separate language as well as Zan and Georgian, but in Georgia the Svans, the Megrels and the Georgians for ages have belonged to one another; they are one nation, never been different. They have always believed in the same gods. From the beginning of the reign they had the same king, who also governed everything concerning literacy. We do not forget flesh and blood, otherwise a nation seldom survives, the languages having disintegrated so early that to-day we cannot understand one another. Nowadays linguists in Tbilisi and in other countries are investigating in what way Svan, Zan and Georgian have changed since the time when all spoke the same language.

8.3. Hädili läjir

Ašxw dwrewži Hädilišga bapd ləmärd¹⁶ Gijerg Ärywlijän. Alas ləxismaw⁴⁹, esnär tärngzel⁵⁰ eser ämqedeli⁵¹ Hädiliškänteka⁵² i loxtpula¹⁸, xola ža, txërl̩ eser axčwādax⁵³ i xočādu⁵⁴. Gijerg k"oxjäcx⁵⁵ a ismaws i ädtwiline¹⁸ Hädilišga: tärngzel eser mir išgwem⁵⁶. Ašxw məhdil̩ eser loxtpixa⁵⁷: jayw"eser, si märe, mič eser nämbizos⁵⁸ xola ismaw ləxismawöl⁴⁹, ežya min ičmurjälwnix⁵⁹ bázi, mare jerxis eñi mämä loxhunrax⁶⁰ amnärd i ž'amčedx⁶¹ sagdri gōrteži. Ž'amčedx i a gōr məčkar⁶² li i sagdar ču lutpüre⁶³. Al'ëser səwøjärenka jär iröl! I ätywäčx⁶⁴ leža. Wöštxw märe ləmärx³³ kašgär⁶⁵, jöris xatjär xaywénax⁶⁶ i ajär ž'oxermälax⁶⁷ hädilišrs. Čw"erwaj otčädx⁶¹, ež jöri märe deš im"antxánx⁶⁸ mämä ladäyi. Ežjärs läjir oxķidax⁶⁹ i ala kálj⁷⁰. K"atagánx⁷¹ Hädili makxeywažär tanšyka. Sg"ämčedx sopeltēsga i amču⁷² gärgli²² xálx i a špote⁷³. Ču rok otyaljax⁷⁴ min šwanärs, – jöri märe xömbwix⁷⁵, –

ihil rok mərämzi oxmeqrax⁴² mine sagdärtësga lizi, hil rok otüyülx¹⁸ ušxwärđ. Min rok ka mäg ušxud ämqedeli⁵¹ ečxänka, mare lätwz⁷⁶ rok ejjär sga mərämte laxkarwëñax⁷⁷. Amčw" alas gw"axwemx⁷⁸ hädišärda⁷⁹, läjir mäj korte do ädjän⁸⁰, i am⁸¹ lët sg"axčälx⁸² kašgärs i Yertä hamarşw k"änqidx⁸³ läjir Šwânte. De meyweč jär ähiddax⁸⁴ i de mämgwëš. Ež läjir murgwäl Sakartwelos xobräjän⁸⁵ Hädišäld, Yertä läjir li i lekräwid⁷⁷ xâma xeqänölx⁸⁶?

Lädi jyed mecnijer⁴⁴ märfild äntwerx⁵ eja i Tbiliste lihwdis ilgomdar⁵⁶, mare dëmte jäs xâmbax⁸⁸ hädišär. Yo tawrob⁸⁹ äxčäd⁹⁰ al gweš i ser čw"akwäc⁹¹, ē Šwânjä muzewumisga alxunëlesw⁹², i čw"ädjän⁸⁰ Mestjate. Muzewumisga ilgan soplärxän näqidw⁸³ läjirall xuywax⁶⁶. Ejjärisga mažwnële⁹⁴ rok li Hädiši läjir.

Soproma Awaljän, 53 ləzäj, məhdil. 1964 zäj.

ašw	drew-ži	hädiš-isga	bap-d	ləmärd ¹⁶	gierg
oneDAT	timeDAT-on	Hadish-in	priest-TFM	8:existed	Giyerg
ärwiliyan.	ala-s	lä+xt-išnaw ⁴⁹ ,		esnär täringzel ⁵⁰	eser
ArghiliyanNOM	this-DAT	11:PV+him+dream		as if archangelNOM	said
ämqedeli ⁵¹	hädiš-likänté-ka ⁵²	i	lox-čü'l-a ¹⁸		
13:comet+is	Hadish-upward-through	also	13:PV+him+"ExVS"-call-RSL		
xola ja,	txér+äl	eser	a-xčwäd-a-x ⁵³		i
bad it	wolf+PL.NOM	said	13:PV-him+ExVS+beset-RSL-PL	also	
x-o-čäd ⁵⁴ -u..		gierg	k"+oxjäcx ⁵⁵		
11:him-"ExVS"-defend-PTC.CNJ	GiyergNOM	PV'+11:PV+to it +ExVS+awoke			
a išnaw-s	i äd-čwil-in-e ¹⁸		hädiš-isga:	täringzel	
this dream-DAT	also	11:PV+IVS-cry-PX-AOR	Hadish-in	archangelNOM	
eser mir	išgwem ⁵⁶ .	ašw	mehdiš-s	eser	
said someDAT	1:IVS-ask	oneDAT	Hadishian-DAT	said	
lox-čük-e ⁵⁷	jayw"eser, si	märe, mič	eser nambiz-ös ⁵⁸		
13:PV+him+ExVS-return-RSL	then+said	thou man him	satiety-INST		
xola išnaw	la-x-išnaw-öl ⁴⁹ ,	ežya	min		
badNOM dreamNOM	7:PV-him-dream-COND	because of it	they themselvesNOM		
i-čmurjäl-wni-x ⁵⁹	bäzi,	mare jerxi-s	esi	mäma	
4:"IVS"-run about-FT-PL	tonight	but some-DAT	nevertheless	not	
lox-hunr-a-x ⁶⁰		amnär-d	i	ž"+amčed-x ⁶¹	
13:VP+him+"ExVS"-obey-RSL-PL	this+TFM	also	PV'+13:gone-PL		
sagdr-i	gó-r-te-ži.	ž"+amčed-x i	a	gó-r	məkar ⁶²
sanctuary-GEN	doors-to-on	also DEM	doorsNOM	openNOM	
li i . sagdar	ču	lutpüre ⁶³ .		al"eser	
is also sanctuaryNOM	PV'	n.r.skinnedNOM		this+said	
sawj-är-ənka	jär	i-y-öl!		i	
North Caucasian-PL-besides	whoNOM	6:"IVS"-be-COND	also		
ät-ywäč-x ⁶⁴	leža.	wöštxw	märe	ləmärd-x ³³	
11:PV+him+IVS-followed-PL	upwards	fourNOM	manNOM	13:been-PL	
kašg-är ⁶⁶ ,	jöri-s	xəč-är	x-a-yw-én-a-x ⁶⁶		
Kabardian-PL.NOM	two-DAT	icon-PL.NOM	13:him-"NVS"-have-PRT.MD-RSL-PL		

i	alj-är	ž"ox-armäl-a-x ⁶⁷	hädil-är-s.
also	this-PL.NOM	PV'+13:PV+him+"ExVS"-catch-RSL-PL	Hadishian-PL-DAT
čw"+terwāj		ot-čäd-x ⁶¹ ,	ež jöri märe
PV'+RELwhoNOM	11:PV+him+ExVS-went-PL	that two manABS/NOM	
deš	im"+än-tx-än-x ⁶⁸	mērma ladäy-i	
not-by-any-means	where+11:PV-find-PRT.MD-PL	otherLOC/DAT	day-also
ejj-är-s	läjir ox-kiđ-a-x ⁶⁹	i ala	
that-PL-DAT	writingNOM 13:PV+him+"ExVS"-take-RSL-PL	also thisNOM	
käl-i ⁷⁰ .	k"+ät-a-g-än-x ⁷¹		hädil-i
is lacking-THEME	PV'+11:PV+to it-NVS-stand-PRT.MD-PL		Hadish-GEN
maxeywaž-är	tanäy-ka. sg"+ämched-x ⁶¹	sopel-tësga i	
brave man-PL.NOM	pass-through PV'+13:gone-PL	village-into also	
amču ⁷² gärg-li ²²	xälx i a	špot-e ⁷³ : ču rok	
here 1:speak-THEME	peopleNOM also DEM	1:fuss-THEME PV'	said
ot-yalt-a-x ⁷⁴	min		šwan-är-s, -
13:PV+him+"ExVS"-ruin-RSL-PL	they themselvesNOM		Svan-PL-DAT
jöri märe	x-ö+mbw-i-x ⁷⁵ , -	šišd	rok
two manNOM	1:him, them-ExVS+ narrate-THEME-PL'	suddenly	said
märäm-ži	ox-meqr-a-x ⁴²		min-e
somewhere-on	13:PV+him+"ExVS"-understand-RSL-PL		they-GEN
sagdär-tësga	lizi, šišd rok	ot-tǖl-a-x ¹⁸	
sanctuary-into	goingNOM suddenly	said 13:PV+him+"ExVS"-cry-RSL-PL	
uškwär-d.	min	rok ka	mäg uškud
one another-TFM	they themselvesNOM	said PV'	allNOM together
ämqedeli-x ⁵¹	ečxän-ka, mare	lätw-ži ⁷⁶	rok ejj-är
13: comet-is-PL	from there-out but	refugish-on	said that-PL.NOM
sga märäm-te	la-x-karw-én-a-x ⁷⁷		amčw"+ala-s
PV' somewhere-to	13:PV-him-lose-PRT.MD-RSL-PL		here+this-DAT
gw"+a-xwäm-x ⁷⁸	hädil-är-d-a ⁷⁹ ,		läjir
heartABS/NOM+11:PV-to it+gave-PL		Hadishian-PL-ERG-DEM	writingNOM
mäj kor-te	do äd-j-än ⁸⁰	i am ⁸¹	lët
what house-to	then 11:PV+IVS-take-PRT.MD	also thisDAT	nightNOM.AV
sg"+ä-x-käl-x ⁸²	kašg-är-s	i yert-ä	hamar-šw
PV'+11:PV-them-slunk-PL	Kabardian-PL-DAT	also God-GEN	solelity-INST
k"+än-qid-x ⁸³	läjir	šwän-te. de	meýwe ⁶⁴
PV'+11:PV-brought-PL	writingABS/NOM	Svania-to nor	n.a.persecutor
jär ä-hid-da-x ⁸⁴	i de	mämgeš. ež	läjir
whoNOM	11:PV-overtake-IF-PL	also nor	nothingNOM that writingNOM
murgwäl sakartwelo-s	x-o-bräj-än ⁸⁵		
a.round Georgia-DAT	11(2):to it-"ExVS"-present-PRT.MD		
hädil-iš-d,	yert-ä läjir li	i	lekräwi-d ⁷⁶
Hadish-GEN-TFM	God-GEN writingNOM	is also	for losing-TFM

xama	x-e-qān-öl-x ^{86?}	lädi	ȝyed	mecnijēr ⁴⁴
how exactly	6:him- "ExVS"-justify-CNJ-PL	to-day	big	expert
mär+öl-d	än-twer-x ⁵	eja	i	tbilis-te
man+PL-ERG	11:PV+IVS-studied-PL	thatABS/NOM	also	Tbilisi-to
lihwdi-s	i-ȝgom-da-x ⁵⁶ ,	mare	dém-te	jäs
giving-DAT	2:IVS-request-IF-PL	but	nowhere-to	whoDAT
x-ä+mb-a-x ⁸⁸	hädiš-är.	ȝo		tawrob ⁸⁹
2:him-NVS+tet-IF-PL	Hadishian-PL.NOM	afterwards		governmentNOM
äx-čēd ⁹⁰	al	gweš-s	i	ser
1(2):PV+to it+intervened	this	affair-DAT	also	already
ȝw"+ta-kwāc ⁹¹	ē ſwānj-d	muzewum-isga	a-lxunēl-lesw ⁹² ,	i
PV'+11:PV-cut	as Svania-GEN	museum-in	15:PV-kept-were	also
ȝw"+äd-j-än ⁸⁰	mestja-te.	muzewum-isga	ilgan	
PV'+11:PV+IVS-take-PRT.MD	Mestya-to	museum-in		otherDAT
sopl-är-xän	näqidw ⁸³	läjr-äl+ī		
village-PL-from	carried	writing-PL.NOM+also		
x-u-ȝw-a-x ⁶⁶ .		ejj-är-isga	maȝwnēle ⁹⁴	rok
1:him- "ExVS"-have-THEME-PI.	that-PL-in	the oldestNOM	said	li
hädiš-i	läjr.			
Hadish-GEN	writingNOM			

The Book of Hadish⁴⁸

Once upon a time Giyerg Arghwiliyan lived in Hadish as a priest. He is said to have had a dream as if the archangel⁵⁰ had come through over Hadish calling to him 'poor me!', as if wolves had beset him and the priest should have defended him. Giyerg awoke from this dream and cried to Hadish that the archangel had asked for something. One Hadishian is said to have answered that, man alive, due to the nightmare of someone's satiety they would run about that night, nevertheless some people did not listen to him and went up⁶¹ to the doors of the sanctuary. They went up and, look, the doors were open and the sanctuary had been robbed. 'Besides North-Caucasians, – they said, – who else would be these!', and pursued eastwards. The four men appeared to have been there, the Kabardians, two of them having icons, and these two were captured by the Hadishians⁶⁷. But who had run away, these two men could not be found anywhere even the next day. They had taken the Book and it was lost. The brave Hadishians set forth over the mountain-pass. They reached a village where people were speaking fussily, 'They themselves appear to have been ruined by the Svans!', the two men narrated saying the Svans had suddenly somehow perceived and communicated to one another the breaking into the sanctuary, and saying themselves, however, had come out of it together but those two had disappeared somewhere from their sight during the flight. Here the Hadishians noticed the house, the Book was carried into, and they slunk by the Kabardians that night and with only God's help carried the Book to Svania. Neither any pursuer nor anything else overtook

them. All Georgia had presented this Book to Hadish, it is God's Book, and was it really possible to lose it somehow?

Nowadays great experts studied it and asked to deliver it to Tbilisi⁸⁷ but the Hadishians did not let it go to anyone, anywhere. Afterwards the Government intervened in this affair and then it was decided it should be kept in the Svania Museum, so it was taken to the Museum in Mestya⁹³. In this museum they have books carried from other settlements, too, the Book of Hadish appearing to be the oldest among them.

Soproma Awalyan, 53 years old, Hadishian, 1964.

8.4. Metxwjär märe

Ešku märe ləmār, metxwjär, məžabeš, Xulāč xažxēna²⁶. Soproma Gužežjānā kor⁹⁵ čukwān atxēj ži xetra⁹⁶ gims eči nakruwāl⁹⁷. Al märe ečži jenās ləmārli i ežkāli kožāš, ere Twetnelds mursgwenxān xäcxpānwna⁹⁸ i ka ləmqädwīn⁹⁹ žikān Çanri tanāytēsga, ečxānka Twibérte i nābozs Žäbeštēsga ləmqädwīn. Ämcédeli¹⁰⁰ aškw ladey al Šukws¹⁰¹ lätixwarte. Nätixwjärli mämä xatxēna⁶⁸ Twetneldā girkid. K'ämçedeli Çanri tanāyd. Amēj mämä xatxēna. K'ämçedeli žäbe lärtgälxān Twibérte. Amēj mämä xatxēna. Ame kwāb xocxenda¹⁰² i čw"asād¹⁰³ ameču. Kwābs xāra čičwā qōr, eý"ere ž"er mōd läxtšrēns⁹⁶ eýē, ala jēr kwāb li. Al metxwjär kām dēsa ləmsädwīn¹⁰³, mare nätxwjarawul ágitēj dēsa xaxlēna¹⁰⁴ liTEX. Hams k"äncíwre¹⁰⁵ amxānka i kwāb⁹⁵ sgwebinču mindwer xälxwš gweši ləmārli. Č"ottēra⁹⁶ al xälx säwjähr. Säwjär usurmān xälx lix. Usurmān i kristjān ečka xeşjālx¹⁰⁶. Xulāč gud aqād⁹⁹, al säwjär Məžälwāš i Məlxā laylät" anýrix¹⁰⁷. Xekwes ačes¹⁰⁰ amxānka, ču lebzine li Məlx-Məžälw. Mare kwāb sga xakač¹⁰⁸ al mindwers i ka laqädži⁹⁹ ka xeđenix¹⁰⁹ i ečka txum sga laxdagri¹¹⁰ aljārs, mare Məlxā mašedd mämä qedni⁹⁹. Amži deš xaga⁸⁶.

Säwjär amxāwtēsga ašjaš gar anyrix i amži sg"änkokwānx¹¹¹. Aškw māra twetne wośar xäkw¹¹² i xoşa twetne pagw ži xäg⁷¹. Ka tera⁹⁶ ere ala žāri maxwši li Ču leg⁷¹ al märe nēsga xälxisga i gärgli²². Xulāč adçküre¹¹³, amən xoča limärws rok dēmyad mōs ičo¹¹⁴, amčūw rok adgär¹¹⁰. Žāri maxwši säwjareš. Žwinel lušnu tweps mērwe pindix otkim¹¹⁵, k"äxpıswd¹¹⁶ kwäbxānka i al märe ž"esričw¹¹⁷ xälxisga. Säwjär ž"änžomānx¹¹⁸, ušxwär átčädx⁹⁰, topärs xoçwēnex¹¹⁹ ušxwär, ançwmxem¹²⁰, jäs eser xogra¹²¹ maxwšid twep. Iša twep irōl, cxāj, naķwär. Atxe xärk ešku mihmān. Girkid sigx¹²², mare ešira, dār ime tera⁹⁶. Ču ləmbzé¹²³ lix, māj kaž rok ämtgwepeši¹²⁴. Atxēw rok esçwēnx¹²⁵ wešgd, ado šwanär rok kažrāl lix i mine gimi rok kaž li i min eser wešgd ləjār dār texnix⁵⁷. Tanāyži zek mäm" itxi⁶⁸. Säwjärd mužwrlāšw ansqex¹²⁶ saňäcx i ž'esçwēnx i esqax¹⁵⁸ amnoš mine matxwmi. Xulāč xoçwārād¹⁰⁵ kwäbxānka. Säwjär lež"ätwäpx¹²⁷ i Xulāčdi k"änkwar¹²⁸ kwäbi qōr i k"änqäd⁹⁹. Ešku lişjāl amnoš alžomēli¹¹⁹.

Soproma Gužežjān, 57 ləzāj, məmlax, 1965 zāj.

ešku	märe	ləmār,	metxwjär,	məžabeš,	xulāč
one	manNOM	8:been	hunterNOM	ZhabeshianNOM	KhulachNOM

x-a-žx-ēn-a ²⁶ .	soproma	gujejjān-d	kor
8(13):him- <i>"NVS"</i> -name-PRT.MD-RSL	Soprom	Gudjedjyan-GEN	house ⁹⁵
čukwān atxētj	ži	x-e-tr-a ⁹⁶	gim-s
below now+also	PV'	1:to it- <i>"VS"</i> -recognize-RSL	earth-LOC/DAT
eči nakruwāl ⁹⁷ .	al	māre	eč-ži
its house-restaPL	this	manNOM	jenās
ežkāli	kožāš,	ere	lémār-li
of that kind	cliff'sNOM	twetneld-s	i
x-ä+cxpānw+na ⁹⁸	i	ka	murugwen-xān
8:to it-NVS+walk around+SF	also	PV'	Tetnulda-DAT
tanāy-tësga,	eč-xānka	8:come	right-from
pass-into	that-out of	Twiber-to	also
žabč-tëaga	lémqādwin.	i	nāboz-s
Zhabesh-into	8:come	13:gone+is	upwards
šukw-s ¹⁰¹	lätxwjär-te.	Twiber-to	Tsaner-GEN
way-LOC/DAT	huntingish-to	nätxwjär+äl	evening-LOC/DAT
x-a-tx-ēn-a ⁶⁸	.	shooting beast+PL	ladey
13:him- <i>"NVS"</i> -find-PRT.MD-RSL	Tetnulda-GEN	aškw	al
çanr-i	tanāy-d.	amē-tj	oneDAT
Tsaner-GEN	pass-TFM	here-also	dayNOM.AV
k"+ämchedeli	žabe	not	this
PV'+13:gone+is	lärtg-äl-xān	13:him- <i>"NVS"</i> -find-PRT.MD-RSL	lady
eastern	belt-PL-from	Twiber-to	around
x-a-tx-ēn-a.	.	Twiber-to	PV'+13:genetis
ame	kwāb	māma	girkid.
13:him- <i>"NVS"</i> -find-PRT.MD-RSL	here	x-a-tx-ēn-a.	k"+ämchedeli
x-o-tx-an-da ¹⁰²	i	caveNOM	around
2:him- <i>"ExVS"</i> -know-PRT.MD-IF	also	çw"-a-äld	PV'+13:genetis
x-är-a ¹⁵⁵	čiçwā	103	ameču.
8:to it-NVS+be-RSL	turvesGEN	gör,	kwāb-s
lä-tx-tär-ēn-a ⁹⁶	doorNOM	ež"ëre	here
15:PV+him,them-recognize-PRT.MD-it	thanNOM+DEM	möd	cave-DAT
kwāb	li.	ala	for
caveNOM	al	j-ér	not
is	metxwjär	çj+ë,	outside
this	hunterNOM	ala	not
nätxwjara-w-ul	käm	j-ér	8:remained
shooting beastDAT-GLIDE-without	dësa	ägi-të-tj	but
x-a-xl-ēn-a ¹⁰⁴	outsi	home-to+also	dësa
8(13):him- <i>"VS"</i> -know-PRT.MD-RSL	returningNOM	not	ham-s
k"+än-cíwr-e ¹⁰⁵	i	lişex.	morning-LOC/DAT
PV'+11:PV-watch-AOR	kwāb	in front of	mindwer
people-INST	am-xānka	cave ⁹⁵	fieldNOM
full	also	sgwebinču	peopleNOM
al xālx	lémār-li	č"+ot-tär-a ⁹⁶	Kabardian-PL-TFM
this peopleNOM	säwj-är-d.	PV'+13:PV+him- <i>"ExVS"</i> -recognize-RSL	Kabardian-PL.NOM
.	säwj-är	usurmān	Moslem
.	.	xālx	peopleNOM

li-x. usurmān i kristjān ečka x-e-şjäl-x¹⁰⁶.
 -is-PL MoslemNOM also ChristianNOM then 2:them-Ex VS-fight-they
 xuläč gu-d a-qäd⁹⁹, al säwj-är məžälw-äš
 KhulachNOM heart-TFM 11:PV-came this Kabardian-PL.NOM Muzhal-GEN
 i məlx-ä laylät-t”+än-yr-i-x¹⁰⁷. xeķwes¹⁴⁰
 also Mulakh-GEN ruiningish-to+1:PV-come-THEME-they must
 a-b-e-s¹⁰⁰ am-xänka, ču lebžine li
 12:PV-go-AOR-he this-out of PV' for being informedNOM is
 məlax-məžälw. mare kwäb sga x-a-kač¹⁰⁸ al
 Mulakh-MuzhalNOM but caveNOM PV' 1:to it-”VS”-stand this
 mindwers-i ka laqäd⁹⁹ -ži ka
 field-DAT also PV'out coming-on PV'
 x-e-çd-en-i-x¹⁰⁹ i ečka txum sga
 S(1):him-Ex VS-catch sight of-MD-THEME-they also then headDAT PV'
 la-x-dagr-i¹¹⁰ alj-är-s, mare məlx-ä mašed-d mäma
 S:PV-them-kill-THEME he-PL-DAT but Mulakh-GEN rescuer-TFM not
 qed-n-i⁹⁹. amži deš x-a-g-a⁸⁶.
 S(1):come-MD-THEME thus not-by-any-means 1:to it-”VS”-have-THEME
 säwj-är amxäw-tësga ašjaš gar an-yr-i-x¹⁰⁷
 Kabardian-PL.NOM to here-into gradually only 1:PV-come-THEME-they
 i amži sg”+än-koķw-än-x¹¹¹. ašxw mära
 also thus PV+11:PV+IVS-increase-PRT.MD-they oneDAT manDAT
 twetne wosär x-ä+kw¹¹² i xoša twetne
 whiteNOM chokha-coatNOM 1:on him-”VS”+put on also big white
 paq-w ži x-ä+g⁷¹. ka ter-a⁹⁶, ere ala
 capNOM PV' 1:on him-”VS”+stand PV' 1:recognize-RSL that thisNOM
 žär-i maxwši li. ču l-ə-g⁷¹ al märe nësga
 army-GEN chiefNOM is PV' 1:he-GLIDE-stand this manNOM among
 xälx-isga i gärgli²². xuläč-d ad-čür-e¹¹³, amen
 people-in also 1:speak-THEME Khulach-ERG 11:PV-think-AOR thisDAT
 x-o-č-a limärw-s rok dëmyad möš
 to it-ExVS-good-RSL man-being-DAT said by no means separate
 i-čo¹¹⁴, amčü+w rok ad-gär¹¹⁰ žär-i maxwši
 1:IVS-do here+PTC.CNJ said 11:PV-kill army-GEN chiefABS/NOM
 säwj-are-š. žwinel lušnu twep-s mërwe pindix
 Kabardian-PL-GEN old Svan gun-DAT secondABS/NOM bulletABS/NOM.
 ot-kim¹¹⁵, k”+ä-x-pišwd¹¹⁶ kwäb-xänka i
 11:PV+to it+Ex VS-add PV+11:PV-him-shoot cave-out of also
 al märe ž”+es-ričw¹¹⁷ xälx-isga. säwj-är
 this manABS/NOM PV'+11:PV-stretch people-in Kabardian-PL.NOM
 ž”+än-žom-än-x¹¹⁸, ušxwär
 PV+11:PV+IVS-disturb-PRT.MD-they one another

at-čād-x ⁹⁰ ,		top-đr-s	x-o-qwēn-e-x ¹¹⁹
11:PV+IVS-intermingle-they	an-çwm-e-x ¹²⁰ ,	gun-PL-DAT	1:him-ExVS-show-THEME-they
ušwär,		jäs	eser
one another	1:PV-attest-THEME-they	whoDAT	said
x-o-gr-a ¹²¹	maxwli-d	tweP.	iša tweP i-r-öl,
13:him-”ExVS”-hit-RSL	chief-TFM	gunNOM	whoGEN gunNOM 6:”IVS”-be-MD
cxāj,	nakwärw.	atxe x-är-x	ešku mihmän. girkid
indeed	shotNOM	now 1:him-”NVS”+be-PL	oneNOM fussNOM around
sip-x ¹²² ,	mare	cära, dār	ime ter-a ⁹⁶ . ču
1:circling-they	but	but no!	nobodyNOM where 1:recognize-MD PV
ləmbže ¹²³	li-x,	maj	rok āmtqwepełi ¹²⁴ .
astonishedNOM	is-PL	whatNOM	horned-devilNOM said 13:exploded+is
atxé-w	rok	es-çwēn-x ¹²⁵	węgd, ado ńwan-är
now-PTC.CNJ	said	11:PV-turn-they	backwards otherwise Svan-PL.NOM
rok	kaž-räl	li-x	i min-e gim-i rok
said	horned devil-PL.NOM	is-PL	also they-GEN earth-also said
kaž	li	i min	eser węgd lejár
horned devilNOM	is	also themselvesNOM	said backwards aliveNOM
dār	tex-n-i-x ⁵⁷ .		tančy-ži zek
nobodyNOM	5(1):return-MD-THEME-they		pass-on fire-woodNOM
mäm”+i-tx-i ⁶⁸ .		säwj-är-d	mužwrtäl-šw
not+1:IVS-find-THEME	Kabardian-PL-ERG		lance+PL-INST
an-ęq-e-x ¹²⁶	sačakx	i	ż”+es-çwēn-x ¹²⁵ i
11:PV-do-AOR-they	stretcherABS/NOM	also	PV”+11:PV-turn-they also
es-q-a-x ⁸⁶	amn-oš	min-e	matxwmi xuläč
1:PV-have-THEME-they	this-INST	they-GEN	chiefNOM KhulachNOM
x-o-čiwär ¹⁰⁵ -id			kwlb-xänka. säwj-är
1:them-ExVS-watch-THEME+yet(=keeps)		cave-out of	Kabardian-PL.NOM
lež”+tät-twäp-x ¹²⁷	i	xuläč-d-i	
upward+11:PV+IVS-disappear-they	also		Khulach-ERG-also
k”+än-kwär ¹²⁸	kwäb-i	gör	i k”+än-qäd ⁹⁹ .
PV”+11:PV-open	cave-GEN	doorABS/NOM	also PV”+11:PV-came
ešku	liljäl	amn-oš	alžoméj ¹¹⁹ .
oneNOM	fightNOM	this-INST	13:disturbed+is

A Hunter

One man, Zhabeshian, is said to have been a hunter, Khulach by name. The remains of his house are still to be seen now below the house of Soproma Gudgedyan. That man seems to have been so quick and an alpinist of such a kind that he would go round Tetrulda on the right and come up to the pass of Tsaner, from there to Twiber, and come back to Zhabesh in the evening. One day he went this way to hunt. Having found no beasts around Tetrulda, he went up to the pass of Tsaner and did not find there, either. He went up along the eastern belts to Twiber but he found

nothing there as well. One cave was known to him there, and he stayed there. The cave is said to have had a turf-covered door in order that it could not be seen, there was a cave there. This hunter would not stay outside his house, but he would not know home-coming without game, either. In the morning he looked out and this was the field in front of the cave full of people. He recognized that people to be Kabardian. The Kabardians are a Moslem nation. Moslems and Christians were at war then. Khulach perceived that the Kabardians came to ravage Muzhal and Mulakh. Mulakh and Muzhal were to be warned, he was to go out of there, but the cave faced the field, so he would be noticed while coming out and perish, however, would not become useful to Mulakh. That was not the (right) way.

The Kabardians gradually kept coming and crowding. One man was dressed in a white chokha and had a big cap on his head. He seemed to be chief of the army. That man was standing within the crowd and speaking. Khulach thought he would do nothing more manful than kill the chief of the Kabardian army. He charged his old Svan gun with a new bullet, shot from the cave and laid down that man amongst the people. The Kabardians got confused, started bustling, showing their guns to one another and examining who had made a shot at the chief. Whatever gun it was, it did fire, indeed. So they had a real fuss then. They ran about but in vain, nobody was seen there. They wondered what the deuce had happened, saying they should turn back at once, otherwise the Svans were such horned devils, their land was also a horned devil, that none of them would return home alive. No wood may be found on the mountain pass, so the Kabardians made a stretcher out of lances and turned backwards thus carrying their chief. Khulach looked out of the cave. The Kabardians had disappeared in the east and Khulach in his turn came out. One fight is said to have been hindered in that way.

8.5. Nišgwēj Mu

Nišgwēj Mu, xedwāj xāri¹⁶ decārs, lesw çqəljān¹ isgu žaxe, änigēns⁷¹ isgu lipusd¹²⁹, lesw isgu nāb¹³⁰ imwājži decārs eži gimži. Lāno¹³¹ lädij či lädij dijär i naxwāšin¹³² nišgwēj nažēwrāl imwājži nāj xwaxwāšinēd¹³² nišgwējcaxān yēwarāls, i numa anja⁸⁰ lakdunār¹³³ laķwhuratēsga¹³⁴, i änix¹³⁵ xolāmxānka.

n-išgwēj	mu,	xedwāj	x-är+ ¹⁶
1.PL.EXC-POSSESS	fatherNOM	RELwhoNOM	1:2.ExVS-exist+THEME
dec-är-s,	1-esw	çqəljān	isgu žaxe,
sky-PL-LOC/DAT	3:he-beCNJ	holyNOM	thyNOM nameNOM
ā+n+ī-g-ēn-s ⁷¹		isgu	lipusd ¹²⁹ ,
15:PV+1.PL.EXC.IVS+IVS-stand-PRT.MD-it		thyNOM	governmentNOM
1-esw	isgu	nāb ¹³⁰	imwājži
3:he-beCNJ	thyNOM	willNOM	RELhow
gim-ži.			sky-PL-LOC/DAT
earth-on			the same-on
		lädī+j	či
		to-day+also	of all

ādy-i dijär i n-a-xwāšin¹³²
 day-GEN breadABS/NOM also 11:1.PL.EXC.IVS-NVS-forgive
 n-išgwēj našēwr-äl imwāži nāj
 I.PL.EXC-POSSESS n.r.offence-PL.ABS/NOM RELhow also we
 xw-a-xwāšin-e-d¹³² nišgwēj-caxān yēwar-äl-s
 1:1.EXC.ExVS-NVS-forgive-THEME-PL ourEXC-at offender-PL-DAT
 i numa a+�-a⁸⁰ lakdunär¹³³
 also not 11:PV+1.PL.EXC.IVS-take-1,2SG.AOR misleading
 laķwhura¹³⁴-tēsga i ä+n+i-px¹³⁵
 temptish-into also 11:PV+1.PL.EXC.IVS-IVS-turn
 xolām-xānka.
 evilDAT-out of

8.6. Kwini lițxe

Laxe mušwān ūwēdijas ču idgāri¹¹⁰ i lēdgārs¹¹⁰ āgite qidex⁸³ i yo čw"āšdywix¹³⁶, ečkan-yo kwini lātxate¹³⁵ yərix¹³⁷. Inqrīnex¹³⁸ aškw māra musw̄ti¹³⁹. Al māra xakūč¹⁴⁰ ere kwini lițxēmi loc¹⁴¹ xoxaldēds¹⁰⁴. Kwini mētxe¹³⁵ čāngs ājēsg⁸⁰, mamilws¹⁴³ igdāni¹⁴⁴ i ču nadgarw¹¹⁰ ādgilmēq ka yərix. Ečkas locs gēle¹⁴⁵, mamilws läylījāš¹⁴⁶ ičkine¹⁴⁷, čāngs šenži igdāni i ibnex²¹ liqed s tāmāšd: kwins eser ži no āspeks¹⁴⁸. Šukwžin¹⁰¹ čāngs ašwmex¹⁴⁹, ime-imē ži išwmīnex¹⁵⁰; čw"ēser do ādgālwēns¹⁵¹ kwim jenasd laqādžin⁹⁹. Amži tāmāšd anyrix¹⁰⁷, wod āgid do ahix¹⁵². Wōbāšin ūwēdija kweqanazāni⁴⁵ qidex amžin kwins.

svanuri prozauli tekstebi, I, 8-9.

kwin-i lițxe. laxe mušwān ūwēdijas ču i-dgār-i¹¹⁰
 soul-GEN returningNOM if a SvanNOM far off PV' 1:IVS-die-THEME
 i lēdgār-s¹¹⁰ āgi-te qid-e-x⁸³ i yo
 also dead-DAT place-to 1:bring-THEME-PL also afterwards
 čw"āšdyw-i-x¹³⁶, ečkan-yo kwin-i lātxa¹³⁵-te
 PV'+1:NVS-bury-THEME-PL then-after soul-GEN returnalDAT-to
 yəri-x¹³⁷. i-nqrīn-e-x¹³⁸ aškw māra musw̄ti¹³⁹-s.
 1:go-THEME-PL 1: IVS-take-THEME-PL oneDAT manDAT near relative-DAT
 al māra xakūč¹⁴⁰ ere kwin-i lițxēmi loc¹⁴¹
 this manDAT wants to soul-GEN returningGEN prayer
 x-o-xal-d-ēd-s¹⁰⁴. kwin-i mētxe¹³⁵ čāng-s
 3:him-ExVS-know-IF-CNJ-it soul-GEN returnerNOM chang-DAT
 ā+jēsg-i⁸⁰, mamilw-s¹⁴³ igdān-i¹⁴⁴ i ču nadgarw¹¹⁰
 1:NVS+take-THEME cock-DAT 1:IVS-hold-THEME also PV' death's
 ādgil-mēq ka yəri-x¹³⁷. ečkas locs gēle¹⁴⁵, mamilw-s
 place-at PV' 1:go-THEME-PL then prayer-DAT 1:say-THEME cock-DAT
 läylījāš¹⁴⁶ i-čxin-e¹⁴⁷, čāng-s šenži
 armpitLOC/DAT 1:IVS-insert-THEME chang-DAT hand-on
 i-igdān-i¹⁴⁴ i i-bn-e-x²¹ liqed-s tāmāšd:
 1: IVS-hold-THEME also 1:IVS-begin-THEME-PL coming-DAT slowly

kwin-s	eser	ži	no	äx-peš-s ¹⁴⁸	šukw-žin ¹⁰¹
soul-DAT	said	PV'	not	12:PV+to it+"VS"-be tired-it	way-on
čāng-s	a-šwm-e-x ¹⁴⁹ ,		ime-ime	ži	i-šwmn-e-x ¹⁵⁰ :
chang-DAT	1:PV-play-THEME-PL		where-where	PV'	1:IVS-rest-THEME-PL
čw"-+eser	do	äd-gälw-én-s ¹⁵¹		kwin	jenasd
PV'+said	then	12:PV+IVS-frighten-PRT.MD-it		soulNOM	quickly
laqäd ⁹⁹ -žin.	amži	tämäšd	an-yr-i-x ¹⁰⁷ ,	wod	ägi-d
coming-on	thus	slowly	1:PV-come-THEME-PL	till	place-TFM
a-h-i-x ¹⁵²		wöbäšin	žwēdija	kwegana ⁴⁵ -xän-i	
1:PV-reach-THEME-PL	often		far	country-from-also	
qid-e-x ⁸³	amžin		kwin-s.		
1:bring-THEME-PL	thus		soul-DAT		

The Return of the Soul

When a Svan dies far from home, the Svans, after bringing him back and burying, go to return his soul. They take with them the nearest relative of the deceased¹³⁹. This man must know the prayer of the soul's returning. The returner takes a chang¹⁴², holds a cock¹⁴³ and they go to the place of the death. Then he says the prayer, presses¹⁴⁷ the cock under his armpit, holds the chang in his hand, and they begin coming back slowly: "The soul be not tired!" On the way they play the chang, resting here and there: "The soul would be frightened of quick going!" Thus they slowly come until finally reach home. Sometimes the soul is brought in this manner from a far distance, too.

svanuri prozauli tekstebi, I, 8-9

8.7. Layob i miča liznäni

Layob piširs xög⁷¹ Šwānisga, mare aškw ywebxänska xwâj twi mâm xekidj⁶⁹, ežyere usgwâm došdulmaxajisga¹⁵³ méräls lamšija¹⁵⁴ mâm xärk¹⁵⁵ i twis gar izbix¹⁵⁶ ežjär. Ečänka yweb mâm li jyđ i xwâj parä ladâsg¹⁵⁷ mâm xär. Šwanârs xoxax¹⁰⁴, ere layob žgəräg Lenčäñi nasqâw¹⁵⁸ li lenčajisga.

Ywebjäkd meķwsda kudurs isgd biqwex¹⁵⁹. Etas sgânčun gwigws ži xoķedx, dætxel behärs gar cwirex¹⁶⁰ i ečxän-amxän nakwçurka¹⁶¹ cwirex sam yet pxulëmi namšari¹⁶². Laxe ywéb ka iršgine¹⁶³, ečkas narâgws¹⁶³ sg"äptxanex¹⁶⁴ maxe ywebte. Swebnaw žibe behs šwelšw čw'abpxenâlix¹⁶⁵. Ywebs bøgi lagâms¹⁶⁶ xosgênenex¹⁵⁸, ži jer dömnöš iktwutnâldëds¹⁶⁷, i xočäm mæžarisga jøgemx¹⁶⁶. Miž xekwes¹⁴⁰ mižlačâdži xečendëds¹⁰⁹. YWEBI ägi licâdunes dêm-yad xaga⁸⁶, kojöl ka likxes, ado ečunyo ežjär mine ywebs deš xewwax¹⁶⁸. Twis Šwānisga Limarije¹⁶⁹ ladây i liwçmâljél gar xoķedx. Mužywer sga jøgâlix⁷¹ qwëdi i tøbdi sadgwemtësga¹⁷⁰ i ečsga xögxi Xarâbladyw¹⁷¹. Ala li lupxws i ež ladây ka jøgâlix, laxe xočâ tarwes li, lax tøbdi li i suru mœcki mód xärk ywebilârs. Xarâb¹⁷¹ xexöł¹⁶⁸ 25 märts žwinel Ŝeldži.

svanuri enis kresťomatiā, 132 (Č. Gužežjänä redakcija)

layob	i	miča	liznāni.	layob	pišir-s
apiaryNOM	also	its	looking afterNOM	apiaryNOM	many-DAT
x-ō-g ⁷¹		šwān-isga,	mare	ašxw	γweb-xānka xwāj
I:to it- ^{"ExVS"} -stand		Svania-in	but	oneDAT	hive-out of much
twi	mām	x-e-kid-i ⁶⁹	ej̄'ere	usgām	došdulmaxa ¹⁵³ -jisga
honeyNOM	not	1:from it-ExVS-take-MD	since	sixDAT	month-in
mēr-äl-s	lamšija ¹⁵⁴	mām x-ā-tr-x ¹⁵⁵	i	twi-s	
fly-PL-DAT	workingishNOM	not	1:to it- ^{"VS"} +be-PL	also	honey-DAT
gar	i-zb-i-x ¹⁵⁶	ejj-är.	eč-ənka	γweb	mām li jjəd
only	1:IVS-eat-THEME-PL	that-PL	that-besides	hiveNOM	not is big
i	xwāj	par-ä	ladåsg ¹⁵⁷	mām x-ā-tr ¹⁵⁵ .	šwan-är-s
also	much	honeycomb-GEN	puttingish	not	1:to it-VS+be
x-o-ka-x ¹⁰⁴ ,	ere	layob	žgərāg	lenčšč-i	Svan-PL-DAT
1:him- ^{"ExVS"} -know-PL	that	apiaryNOM	George	Lenchash-GEN+GEN	
nasgāw ¹⁵⁸	li	lenča-jisga.	γweb-jäk-d	meňwšda	ķudur-s
made	is	forest-in	hiv(e)-al-TFM	shortDAT	junk-DAT
isgd	biqwe ¹⁵⁹ -x.	eča-s	sgānčun	gwigw-s	ži
haif-and-half	1:cleave-PL	that-DAT	inside	pith-DAT	PV'
x-o-ked-x ⁶⁹ ,	dətkel	beh-är-s	gar	cwile ¹⁶⁰ -x	i
1:to it-ExVS-take-PL	thin	side-PL-DAT	only	1:leave-PL	also
eč-xān	am-xān	nakwcūr ¹⁶¹ -ka	cwile ¹⁶⁰ -x	sam	yet
that-from	this-from	cut-out	1:leave-PL	threeDAT	almost
pxulēmi	namšara ¹⁶²	laxe	γweb	ka	i-řšin-e ¹⁶³ ,
fingerGEN	widthDAT	if	hiveNOM	PV'	1:IVS-swarm-THEME then
narāšgw ¹⁶³ -s	sg"-tä-ptxane ¹⁶⁴ -x	maxe	γweb-te.	sgwebnāw	žibe
n.r.swarm-DAT	PV'+1:NVS-shake-PL	new	hive-to	earlier	upper
beh-s	swel-šw	čw"-ta-bpxənāl-i-x ¹⁶⁵ .	γweb-s	bəgi	
side-DAT	whey-INST	PV'+1:NVS-sprinkle-THEME-PL	hive-DAT	firm	
lagām-s ¹⁶⁶	x-o-sgēn-e-x ¹⁵⁸ ,		ži	jer	dōmnoš
n.d.base-DAT	1:to it-ExVS-make-THEME-PL		PV'	to	in no way
i-kwtunāl-d-ēd-s ¹⁶⁷ ,	i	xočām	mežār-isga		
3:IVS-move-IF-CNJ-it	also	goodDAT	sunny-in		
ja-gem-x ¹⁶⁶ .	miž	xeķwes ¹⁴⁰	mižlačād-ži		
PROTHETICS-stand-PL	sunNOM	must	sunrise-on		
x-e-çd-en-d-ēd-s ¹⁰⁹ .		γweb-i	ägi	licidune-s	
3:at it-ExVS-look-MD-IF-CNJ-it		hive-GEN	placeNOM	changing-DAT	
dēmyad	x-a-q-a ⁸⁶ ,	kötöl	ka		
by no means	1:to it- ^{"VS"} -justify-RSL	a little	PV'		
likke-sj,	ado	etunyo	ejj-är	min-e	
removing-DAT-also	otherwise	afterwards	that-PL.NOM	they-GEN	
γweb-s	deš	x-e-xw-a-x ¹⁶⁸ .	twi-s		
hive-DAT	not by any means	1:to it-ExVS-hit-RSL-PL	honey-DAT		

šwān-isga	limərje ¹⁶⁹	laday	i	liwčmäljēl
Svania-in,	Marian(izing)	dayNOM.AV	also	ShrovetideNOM.AV
gar	x-o-ked-x ⁶⁹	mužywer	sga	
only	1:to it-ExVS-take-PL	autumnNOM.AV	PV'	
ja-g-äl-i-x ⁷¹		gwédi	i	sadgwem ¹⁷⁰ -tësg
PROTHETICS-stand-ITER-THEME-PL	secluded	also	warm	abode-into
i	ečesga	x-ö+g-x ⁷¹	xaräbladay-w ¹⁷¹	ala
also	that+in	1:him-"ExVS"+stand-PL	AnnunciationDay-till	thisNOM
li	lupxw-s	i	ladäy	ka
is	spring-LOC/DAT	also	that	dayNOM.AV
ja-g-äl-i-x ⁷¹ ,		laxe	xoča	tarwes
PROTHETICS-stand-ITER-THEME-PL	if	good	weatherNOM	li, if
tebdi	li i	suru	möd	x-ä+r-x ⁹⁷
warmNOM	is	redundantly	coldNOM	not 1:to it-'VS"+be-PL
yweb-il-är-e.	xaräb ¹⁷¹	x-e-x-öl ¹⁶⁸	2:to it-ExVS-hit"PASS"	
hive-DIMIN-PL-DAT	AnnunciationNOM			
jerwešd-i-woxišd	märt-s	žwinel	želd-zi.	
20-and-5	March-DAT	old	amount-on	

Apiaries and Looking after Them

Many people have apiaries in Svania, however, much honey is not obtained from a hive during the six months – bees have no work and only eat the honey. Besides, the hive is not big and does not contain many honeycombs. The Svans know that the first apiary was made in a forest by St. George of Lachash.

To make a hive, a short junk is split in two, and the pith is hollowed out leaving only thin walls of about 3 fingers width from here and there. If a hive swarms, the swarm is shaken out into a new hive. The upper part is sprinkled with whey, then a firm base is made to prevent it from moving and it is put in a fairly sunny place. The sun must shine on it at sunrise. Changing the place of a hive does not suit, nor moving it a little, since otherwise the bees cannot get into their hive. In Svania honey is taken out on Lady Day and Shrovetide, only. In autumn they set the hives in a warm nook where the hives stand for them till Annunciation Day. It is in spring, so that day they take them out (if the weather is good, if it is warm and not cold enough for the hives). The Annunciation fell on the 25th of March after the old calendar.

svanuri enis kresčomačia, p. 132 (Ch. Gudjedjyan's version)

8.8. Ulgwär i medukän Kutäš

Aškwzin esnär ulgwär ačħdx läkmate. Šomwale adhex sga Kutäše, izelälx esnär duknärmägka. Aškw dukäninga xočäm lezob-detrad ži gweši liz. Ulgwär yal masärd mäjdär liz, leziz ču meštxe xärx i temšaw čike dësamagweš xatxenax. Xosgdix al

xočäm lezob-letra i pilärka lic xägx. Sgäw, cxäj, meduknärs čigär xamtkwax ličsi i al medukändi xäkw ušgwärs: mobržandi eser. Ušgwärs loxwkaldax: äčs"eser marës mins al märe, i sg"äčädx. Medukän läxwedda: mäj eser kaňuk i im lezob išgwemx. Ušgwärs aškwils xoxal zämšw kartwil, ečenka däš. Aljärd, mäj esama ču xösdän medukäns, mäg k"äxqidwnex; mäj esama letre ču xögän; aljäk k"äxqidwnex, čw"asgurdax aškw otäksiga i ču xärx keip. Medukäns ču mäm kažrawa: alamäg eser lezweb-letre k"äthodëna, i xwäj mogebas änyli lädi. Ušgwärs xambažx: immär eser xäčmuni lädi al märe alamäg pätıws¹⁷²? Šom"eser oxťixex alamäg pätıws? Al"eser Šwâns nardw merës liz i ežya xäčo alamäg pätıws! K"äňherx medukän, ämzerix mäg i maqwäms xaqlex lušnud. Medukän xeqwämjel, dabržandi dabrgandis xagle. Ušgwär xaqlex: masärd eser kmaqopil lix ser, deš eser xäjmedax ser lizweb-litre! Ser šomwale z"aněgänx, k"äčädx däxiteka i maqwäms xaqlex: minešt"eser hësa ätqädëna, mägijer¹⁷³ pätıws eser ču xäčomx. Medukänd warčxil xašgwmin naxaršw. Ala aljärs atembažənx: dos"eser xasma amžin, čik"eser ka xočsa i atxe pasw xešgew! Xärx amži gala-čxupa¹⁷⁴. Medukänd aškw muwšgwil-s ka loxwÿwir. Läjšgwin muwšgwild xanžär i ži xaqid medukäns i čw"akäč. Amčikka policijä eshid, čw"adərmälex mäg i učästkate adjex. Amečün läxwedda, gweš eser imžin lémär. Ušgwärd k"öxumbawex, amži-i-amži"eser lémär gweš: k"eser xočsa min al mära i atx"eser warčxils xešgew! Medukänd xäkw: aljärs eser lezweb-letre loxwmamax i otšamünax, aškw twes eser deš xahwdölna mäg ka, ežamäg eser lémärl. Mäj eser xärx mič al däšdwär, ere aš do • adibznaj adšämälis, dw"eser ažay č"otkačax ja xanžaršw. Policijad ušgwärs mämgeš xager, laxe gweš čw"äčxir, i medukäns xäkw: immär eser lémčihwin, lax eser mins mömgweš xošgwminax ečžin? I ägit" apišwd cărjel.

svanuri prozauli tekstebi, I, No 55

ušgwälär	i	medukän	kutäš(+*-s).	aškwžin	esnär
Ushgulian-PL.NOM	also	dukhanerNOM	Kutais(+LOC/DAT)	once	as if
ušgwälär	a-čäd-x		läkna-te.	šomwale	
Ushgulian-PL.NOM	11:PV-went-PL		addingish-to	some	time
ad-h-e-x	sga	kutäš-te,	i-zeläl-x	esnär	
11:PV-reach-AOR-PL	within	Kutais-to	1:IVS-walk-PL	as if	
dukñ-är-mägka.	aškw	dukän-isga	xočäm	lezob-letra-d	
dukhan-PL-about	oneDAT	dukhan-in	good"DAT"	food"DAT"-drink-TFM	
ži	gweši	liz.	yal	masärd	mäjdäř
over	full	is	Ushgulian-PL.NOM	what a pity!	very hungryNOM
li-x,	leziz	ču	meštxe	x-ä+tr-x	i
1:is-PL	wayishNOM	PV'	finishedNOM	1:him-"VS"+be-PL	also
lemšaw	čike	dēsamagweš	x-a-tx-ěn-a-x.		
laborandumNOM	yet	nothingNOM	13:him-"NVS"-find-PRT.DM-RSL-PL		
x-o-egd-i-x	al	xočäm	lezob-letra	i	
1:to it-ExVS-see-THEME-PL	this"NOM"	goodDAT	food-drinkDAT	also	
pil-är-ka	lic	x-ä+g-x.	sgäw,	cxäj,	
lip-PL-out	waterNOM	1:on it-"VS"+stand-PL	inside	indeed	

medukn-är-s īgar x-a-mtkw-a-x liçsi
 dukaner-PL-DAT always 2:him-NVS-be accustomed-IF-PL invitingNOM
 i al medukn-d-i x-ä+kw¹⁴⁵
 also this"NOM" dukaner-ERG-also 11:them-ExVS+said
 ušgw-är-s: mobrjandi eser. ušgw-är-s
 Ushgulian-PL-DAT Geor.:welcome said Ushgulian-PL-DAT
 lot+x+w-xal-da-x: ä+çs"eser mərəs min-s
 11:PV+him+"ExVS"-know-IF-PL 1:NVP+invite+said probably they-DAT
 al märe, i sg"+ä-čäd-x. medukn
 this manNOM also PV'+11:PV-went-PL dukanerNOM
 lät+x-čwed-da: mäj eser x-a-ku-x¹⁴⁰ i
 11:PV+them+ExVS-ask-IF whatNOM said 1:him-"VS"-want-PL also
 im lezob i-čgwem-x. ušgw-är-s aškw-il-s
 whatDAT foodDAT 1:IVS-request-PL Ushgulian-PL-DAT oneDAT-DIMIN-DAT
 x-o-xal zəmšw=(zumš) kartwil, ečən-ka däts.
 1:him-"ExVS"-know slightly GeorgianNOM thatDAT-out nobody+DAT
 alj-är-d, mäj esama ču x-ö-sd-än
 this-PL-ERG RELwhatNOM if something PV' 2:him-ExVS-remain-MD
 medukn-s, mäg k"+ä+x-qid-wn-e-x;
 dukaner-DAT allABS/NOM PV'+11:PV+him+NVS-bring-CS-AOR-PL
 mäj esama letre ču x-ö-g-än,
 RELwhatNOM if something drinkNOM PV' 2:him-ExVS-stand-MD
 alj k"+ä+x-qid-wn-e-x,
 this+also PV'+11:PV+him+NVS-bring-CS-AOR-PL
 čw"+a-egur-da-x aškw otäx-isga i ču x-ä+r-x
 PV'+11:PV-seat-IF-PL oneDAT room-in also PV' 1:him-"VS"+be-PL
 keip. medukn-s ču mäm x-a-žraw-a: alamäg
 partyNOM dukaner-DAT PV' not 1:him-"VS"-believe-RSL so much
 eser lezweb-letre k"+ä+t-hod-ěn-a, i xwaj
 said food-drinkNOM PV'+13:PV-sell-PRT.MD-RSL also much
 mogeba-s än-yli lädi. ušgw-är-s
 Geor.:profits-DAT 5:PV+ ExVS-wait-THEME to-day Ushgulian-PL-DAT
 x-a-ambaž-x: immär eser x+ä+(w)m-un-i¹¹⁴
 1:him-"VS"-surprise-PL why said 4:them+ExVS+make-FT-THEME
 lädi al märe alamäg pätiw-s^{172?} ſom"+eser
 to-day this manNOM so much honour-DAT when+said
 ox-tix-e-x alamäg pätiw-s^{172?} al"+eser
 5:PV+him+ExVS-return-AOR-PL so much honour-DAT thisNOM+said
 ſwän-s nardw mərəs liz i ežya x-ä+to
 Svania-LOC/DAT beenNOM probably is also therefore 1:them-ExVS+do
 alamäg pätiw-s^{172!} k"+ä-n-her-x medukn,
 so much honour-DAT PV'+11:PV+IVS-called-PL dukanerABS/NOM
 ä+mzeri-x mäg i maqwäm-s x-a-qle-x¹⁴⁵
 1:NVS+bless-THEME-PL allNOM also thanks-DAT 1:him-ExVS-say-PL

lušnu-d. medukān x-e-qwāmjēl i dabrjandi
 Svan-in dukhanerNOM ITER.1:them-ExVS-thank also Geor.:please
 dabrjandi-s x-a-gle. ušgwälär x-a-gle-x:
 please-DAT 1:them-ExVS-say Ushgulian-PL.NOM 1:him-ExVS-say-PL
 masärd eser k̄magopil li-x ser, deš eser
 very said Geor.:satisfied 1:is-PL already not by any means said
 x-ä+jmeda-x ser lizweb-litre! ser šomwâle
 1:him-"VS"-can-PL already eating-drinkingNOM already some time
 ž"+an-ōg-än-x, k"+ä-täd-x däxl-teka
 PV'+11:PV-stand up-PRT.MD-PL PV'+11:PV-went-PL Geor.:counter-up to
 i maqwām-s x-a-gle-x: min-eš-t"+ëser hësa
 also thanks-DAT 1:him-ExVS-say-PL they-GEN-to+said if
 ät-qäd-äna, mägijer¹⁷³ pätjw-s eser ču
 7:PV+him+ExVS-came-SF.COND corresponding honour-DAT said PV'
 x-ä+čom-x. medukān-d warčkil x-a-šgwmín
 1:him-ExVS+do-PL dukhaner-ERG moneyABS/NOM 11:them-ExVS-request
 naxaržw. ala alj-är-s
 Geor.:spentABS/NOM thisNOM this-PL-DAT
 at-a-mbaž-ən-x: dos"+ëser
 11:PV+him+GLIDE-surprise-PRT.MD-PL nobody ever+said
 x-a-sm-a amžin, čik"+ëser ka x-o-ç-s-a
 1:him-"VS"-hear-RSL thus time+said PV' 13:him-"ExVS"-invite-RSL
 i atxe pasw x-e-šgwem! x-ä+r-x am-ži
 also now priceDAT 1:them-ExVS-request 1:him-"VS"+be-PL this-on
 gala-čxupa¹⁷⁴. medukān-d aškw mu(w)šgwil-e ka
 (speech-scuffle)quarrelNOM dukhaner-ERG oneDAT Ushgulian-DAT PV'
 lo+x+w-žwir. lä+t-šgwin mu(w)šgwil-d
 11:PV+him+ExVS-grasp 11:PV+IVS-took out Ushgulian-ERG
 xanžär i ži x-a-qid¹²¹ medukān-s i
 daggerABS/NOM also PV' 11:him-ExVS-hit(a blow) dukhaner-DAT also
 čw"+a-käč. amčikka policijā+j es-hid,
 PV'+11:PV-cut at this time policeNOM+also 11:PV-be in time
 čw"+ad-a-rmäl-e-x mäg i učastkä-te
 PV'+11:PV-GLIDE-catch-AOR-PL allABS/NOM also Russ.:uchástok-to
 adj-e-x⁸⁰. amečún lä+t-čwed-da-x, gweš eser
 11:PV-take-AOR-PL here 11:PV+them+ExVS-ask-IF-PL affairNOM said
 imžin ləmär? ušgwälär-d k"+ö+x+tu-mbwaw-e-x,
 how 8:been Ushgulian-PL-ERG PV'+11:PV+them+ExVS-tell-AOR-PL
 amži-i-amž"+ëser ləmär gweš: k"+ëser
 thus-also-thus+said 8:been affairNOM PV'+said
 x-o-ç-s-a min al mära i atx"+ëser
 13:him-"ExVS"-invite-RSL themselvesNOM this manDAT also now+said

warčxil-s	x-e-šgwem!	medukān-d	x-ā+kw:
money-DAT	1:them-Ex VS-request	dukhaneR-ERG	11:them-Ex VS+said
alj-ār-s	eser	lezweb-letre	lo+x+w-mam-a-x
this-PL-DAT	said	food-drinkNOM	13:PV+him+"Ex VS"-eat-RSL-PL
i	ot-škamūn-a-x,	ašxw	twe-s
also	13:PV+him+"Ex VS"-poison-RSL-PL	oneDAT	Geor.:month-LOC/DAT
eser	deš	x-a-hwd-öl-na	mäg ka,
said	not by any means	8:him-NVS-sell-PASS-SF	allNOM PV'out
ežamäg	eser	mäj	eser x-ā+r-x
as much	said	8:been-is	said 1:him-"VS"+be-PL him
däšdw-är,	ere	aš	do ad-biz-na-j
bear-PL.NOM	that	so gratis	then 7:PV-satiate-SF-also
ad-šdəmäl-is,		dw"+ešer	ažay č"+ot-kač-a-x
7:PV-become drunk-SF		then+said	else PV'+13:PV+him+Ex VS-stab-RSL-PL
ža	xančar-šw.	policija-d	ušgwł-är-s māmgwēš
himselfNOM	dagger-INST	police-ERG	Ushgulian-PL-DAT nothingABS/NOM
x-a-ger ¹⁴ ,	laxe	gweš	čw"+äcxir i
11:them-NVS-did	when	affairABS/NOM	PV'+11:PV+cleared up also
medukān-s	x-ā+kw:	imnār	eser ləmčihwin, lax eser
dukhaneR-DAT	11:him-Ex VS+said	how said	8:(has)invited if said
min-s	mōmgwēš	x-o-šgwmin-a-x	ec-žin?
them-DAT	nothing at allNOM	13:him-"Ex VS"-request-RSL-PL	than-about
i	āgit"+	a-pišwd	cärjel.
also	home+	11:PV-let	Geor.:emptyABS/NOM

Ushgulians and a Dukhaner in Kutaisi

Once upon a time some Ushgulians went to replenish supplies. After a while they got to Kutaisi, and here they are walking about dukhans. One dukhan is (over)full of fine food and drinks. Ill luck would have it, the Ushgulians are very hungry but their travelling allowance is over and no job found yet. They are looking at this fine food and drinks and their mouths are watering. At all times dukhaners used to invite people in, indeed, the same did this dukhaner saying to them, "Welcome!" The Ushgulians reasoned that in all likelihood that man had invited them, and they went in. The dukhaner asked what they wanted and what food requested. One of the Ushgulians spoke a little Georgian, the others did not. They told the dukhaner to bring them all whatever remained to him, to bring them drinks whatever he had. They sat down in a separate room and began a party. The dukhaner hardly believed he had sold so much food and drinks, and expected large profits that day. The Ushgulians wondered why that man was showing them so much honour that day: when they should return him so much honour! Perhaps he had been in Svania and therefore was showing them so much honour. They called the dukhaner, all blessing him and saying to him thanks in Svan. The dukhaner thanks and says. "Please!

Please!" The Ushgulians tell him they are very satisfied, not able to eat and drink more. As they finally stood up and went to the counter, they kept thanking: if he came to them, they would show him corresponding honour. The dukhaner requested the money due. This amazed them: nobody has ever heard so, first to invite and then request a payment! And they are quarreling about it. The dukhaner grasped one of the Ushgulians, the Ushgolian drew his dagger, stabbed the dukhaner and wounded him. Here were the police just in time. They arrested all and took them to the office. They questioned them there how the matter had happened. The Ushgulians told, "So and so": the man had invited them and then requested a payment! The dukhaner said those people had eaten and spoiled so much food and drink, all that could not be usually sold during a month, and who those bears were to him that they not only had gorged themselves [with the food] and got sooused for free, but in return had wounded him with a dagger! After clearing the affair up, the police did nothing to the Ushgulians but said to the dukhaner, "Why on earth have you invited them in if they were not asking for anything at all?", and they let him go empty-handed.

svanuri grozauli tekstebi, I, No. 55

8.9. Koruldši bälwän

Koruldši bälwän eçkälib mezge lämär, ere mäma šwim. Šukwdi baž xadëna, lačäzs abäzs xäkdinaj lukwejits jarw šawurs. Yen-mayen Hadište xära. Ašxw lët kor-gweši mäg Hadiš lémärdix laškärs i kors ešku zuräi gar xardëna. Šukwzi žäh axkwecaxi mäg čw"aldawšelix. Et zaw lecobi gun lämär i kor girķid gim mäg k"ätłgeca. Ečunyo wod-i-wod korf ču lémgen i atxe murqwmi jir i eti ädgil gar cwiř. Ejjwaj mezge dësa lémzig gušgwéj qewisga.

Xeškildi bälwän eser axmekrëna i xočh" eža mič Koruldäste. Isgwid langaz yun otçiha. Bärg-nabärg mäg k"oxšeldanax i ašxw bergwš xoš"eser xardëna Koruldši bälwåns. Ečnoš eser otṣera. Xeškildi bälwåns eser otçiha i ečas gwič eser xardëna gimuscu, lanšgas, ež"eser otçiha, yuni mägiér eser lämär. Mäj xeķwes lämär-läsw eçkälib, mare jyđnakēbd mir otçiha i čuj jyđ lämär. Mewar eser xambžena ež gwiči gweš Koruldši bälwåns.

Silo Pawlē gezal Gužejjän, 56 ləzäj, məmliäx. 1964 z.

koruldši ¹⁷⁵	bälwän ¹⁷⁶	eçkälib (= ežkälib)	mezge ¹⁷⁷
Koruldash-GEN	rich manNOM	of that kind	dweller(family)NOM
lämär,	ere	mäma	šwim.
8:been	that	no	equal
x-a-d-ën-a,			Šukw-d-i ¹⁰¹
8(13):to	it-NVS-put-PRT.MD-RSL	horseman-DAT	baž
x-ä+ķd-in-a; ⁶⁹	lukwejits ¹⁸⁰	jarw	ašxw
8:him-ExVS+take-SF-also	pedestrian-DAT	twoDAT	lët
yen-mayen	hadish-te	x-ä+r-a.	abaz-DAT
feastNOM	Hadiš-to	8:him-"VS"+be-RSL	abaz-s ¹⁷⁹
		oneLOC/DAT	shaur-DAT
			night"NOM".AV

kor-gweši	mäg	hädiš(+*-s)	ləmärd-x	laskär-s
house-fullNOM	allNOM	Hadish(+LOC/DAT)	8:existed-PL	prayish-DAT
i	kor-s	ešku	zuräl	gar
also	house-LOC/DAT	oneNOM	womanNOM	only
x-a-rd-ěn-a.			šukw-zi	žäh
8(13):them-NVS-exist-PRT.MD-RSL			road-on	avalancheNOM
a-x-kwec-a-x	i	mäg	čw"+aldawšēli-x.	
13:PV-him-cut short-RSL-PL	also	allNOM	PV'+13:spoiled+is-PL	
ec	zaw	ləcobi ¹⁸¹	gun	ləmärr i kor
that yearLOC/DAT	floodNOM-also	pluriously	8:been	also houseDAT
girkid	gim	mäg	k"+ät-i-gec-a.	
round	earthNOM	allNOM	PV'+13:PV+to it-disintegrate-RSL	
ecün-yo	wod-i-wod	kor-i	ču	ləmgen i atxe
thatDAT-after	till-and-till	houseNOM-also	PV'	8:stood also now
murgwm-i	žir	i	eči	ädgil gar
tower-GEN	rootNOM	also	its(that+GEN)	placeNOM only
cwir.	ežgwaj		mezge ¹⁷⁷	dësa ləmzig
1:is remaining	of that sortNOM		familyNOM	not 8:dwelled
gušgwēj ¹⁸³	qew-isga.	xeškild-i	bālwān	eser
our and your	gorge-in	Kheshkild-GEN	rich manNOM	said
a-x-məkr-ěn-a		i	x-o-čh"+	ěža
8:PV-him-compete-PRT.MD-RSL		also	13:him-”Ex VS"-invite+	thatNOM
mič	koruldāš-te.	išgwid	ləngäz ¹⁸⁴	yun
himselfDAT	Koruldash-to	sevenNOM	weekly	calfNOM
ot-žih-a.		bārg-nabārg	mäg	
13:PV+him+”Ex VS"-slaughter-RSL		furnitureNOM	allNOM	
k"+o-x-šeldan-a-x		i	aškw	berg-wš xos"+eser
PV'+13:him+”Ex VS"-count-RSL-PL		also	oneDAT	hoe-INST more+said
x-a-rd-ěn-a		koruldš-i	bālwān-s.	ečnoš
8(13):him-NVS-exist-PRT.MD-RSL		Koruldash-GEN	rich man-DAT	thatINST
eser	ot-ser-a.	xeškild-i	bālwān-s	
said	13:PV+him+”Ex VS"-outstrip-RSL	Kheshkild-GEN	rich man-DAT	
eser	ot-čih-a	i	eča-s=(eža-s)	gwič eser
said	13:PV+him+”Ex VS"-invite-RSL	also	that-DAT	cockNOM said
x-a-rd-ěn-a		gim-un-ču,	lanšqa-s,	
8(13):him-NVS-exist-PRT.MD-RSL		earth-DAT-under	feedingish-DAT	
ež"+eser	ot-žih-a-j,		yun-i	
that+said	13:PV+him+”Ex VS"-slaughter-RSL-also		calf-GEN	
mägijer	eser	ləmärr.	mäj	xeškes ləmärr-l-äsw ¹⁸⁵
correspondingNOM	said	8:been	whatNOM	must 8:been-2:it-was
eškālib,	mare	žyed	nakəb-d	mir
of that kindNOM	but	great	praise-TFM	(some)thingNOM

ot-zihi-a		i	čü+j	3 yad	ləmär.
13:PV+him+"Ex VS"-slaughter-RSL		also	PV'+also	greatNOM	8:been
mewar eser	x-a-mbž-ən-a			ež	gwič-i
very said	8(13):him-NVS-wonder-PRT.MD-RSL			that	cock-GEN
gweš	koruldž-i	bālwān-e.			
affairNOM	Koruldash-GEN	rich man-DAT			

A Rich Man of Koruldash

The Koruldash rich man's was such a family, to which no equal may be possible. A tax was set for the road: he took one abaz from a horseman and two shaurs from a pedestrian passer-by. He appeared to had practised Church feasts in Hadish. One night all the household were in Hadish for praying and only one woman was staying at home. While coming back, an avalanche crashed down and ruined them all. Floods also took place that year in plenty, so that all the soil round his house disintegrated. The house has been still standing for some time but now there is only the base of the tower¹⁸² and the very place left. No family of that sort has ever lived in our gorge [since].

The rich man of Kheshkild is said to have competed with him, and he himself is said to have invited the latter to Koruldash. He slaughtered a seven-week calf. All the furniture was counted up and the rich man of Koruldash appeared to have one hoe more, and he won due to it. The rich man of Kheshkild seems to have had invited him in his turn. He kept a cock in his cellar, to be fattened. He killed it and it appeared to be as big as a calf. It must have been of that kind if it was killed with such a solemnity, and really it seems to have been so big. The rich man of Koruldash is said to have been very much wondering at the case of that cock.

Silo Gudjedjyan, Paule's son, 56 years old, Mulakhian, 1964.

8.10. Gzawräl i Amiran

Ašxwži jerwale gzawräl eser atkadax ež kožtež, imwaj eser Amiran i däv xäbx. Atxida rok Amirans, imž'eser xäxjäd mič çeqeljan amswäldələ kwin i eči liqed. Mäj rok dwrew li kweganaži, imži larda rok li. Amži amži limzir, Krisde Värbet rok xançamx i xašda rok mäg, aqni i aläši. Woňa rok xasklä lekwéri yärču kwečnä kačklär? Kwečnä kačklär eser xwäj, nənsga karwa yet eser ču yari. Jago, miča čikka rok semi kačklär gar xaskläda. Rogwä kačklär rok imži xaskläd? I rog eseri xwäj, jöri Sigwil eser mäd xesklädi. Miča čikka rok rog ču lepskäre ləmär i eči rok lumpišwdinx. Pätw rok mäzum li jede mäzum rok yeri lekwérču? Pätw eser necin li gun i ež'eser hädürd kopširäj xaskda. Šihr'eser ärima, xäg eser ma ſihräl? Šihr'eser mäj möd irdi, xwäj eser ſihra. O, ečseld käß äri kweganažž, woſeld eser ſihra xäg.

Mamul Margjän, 60 løzaj, məmläx, 1965 z.

gzawräl	i	ämiran.	ašxwži	jerwale	gzawräl
wanderer-PL.NOM	also	AmiranNOM	oneDAT-on	some	wanderer-PL.NOM

eser	at-kad-a-x	ež	kož-te-žě,	imwāj
said	13:him-err-RSL-PL	that	cliff-to-on+PTCnameLY	RELwhere
eser	ämiran	i	dåw x-äb-x.	
said	AmiranNOM	also	deveNOM 1:to it-NVS-tie-PL	
at-xid-a		rok	ämiran-s,	imž"+eser
13:PV+him+"NVS"-glad-RSL		said	Amiran-DAT	how+said
x-ä+xjäd		mič	cğeljän	amswälđ-el-ä
1:him-"NVS"+be glad		himselfDAT	saint	human being-DIMIN-GEN
kwin	i	eči	liçed.	mäj
smellNOM	also	thatGEN	seeingNOM	what
imži	larda	rok	li.	said
how	existenceNOM	said	amži	timeNOM
yēbet	rok	x-a-nçam-x	amži	is
GodNOM	said	1:him(them)-NVS-believe-PL	limzir,	thus+also
rok	mäg,	a-qn-i	limzir,	thus
said	allNOM	1:NVS-plough-THEME	prayingNOM	prayingNOM
rok	x-a-skđ-a	lekŵer-i	worship	Christ
said	1:to it-NVS-go in-RFL	mill-GEN	dwrew	
käkl-är?	kweçn-ä	käkl-är	li	
grain-PL.NOM	wheat-GEN	grain-PL.NOM	kweçn-ä	
karwa	yet	eser	kweçn-ä	
1-2kg grainNOM	almost	PV'	many	middle
čik-ka	rok	semi	many	middle
time-out	said	three	many	middle
rogw-ä	käkl-är	rok	many	middle
bean-GEN	grain-PL.NOM	said	many	middle
rog	eser-i	xwāj,	two	many
beanNOM	said-also	many	handfulNOM	many
x-e-skđ-d-i	miča	čik-ka	rok	many
4:to it-"VS"-go in-MD	his	time-out	rog	many
lepsküre	ləmär	i	ču	many
pounded-to-beNOM	8:been	also	thinNOM	many
päťw	rok	mäzum	thinNOM	many
milletNOM	said	of what size	is	many
yər-i	lekŵer-ču?	päťw	thinNOM	many
1:go-THEME	mill-under	milletNOM	is	many
ež"+eser	hädurd	xopširä+j	very	many
it+said	quite	more+also	also	many
ä+r+i-ma,		x-ä+g	eser	many
NVS+exist+THEME-PTC.IRG		1:on it(earth) -"VS"(on)+stand		many
ma	žihräl?	žihr"+eser	thinNOM	many
PTC.IRG	oak+PL	oak+said	is	many

žihra.	o,	ečeld	käš	ä+rti	kweqana-žē,
oakNOM	oh	as many	horned devilNOM	NVS+exist-THEME	earth-on+PTC
wošeld	eser	žihra	x-ä+g.		
so many	said	oakNOM	1:on it-”VS”+stand		

Travellers and Amiran¹⁸⁶

Once upon a time several travellers went astray, namely up to the cliff, to which Amiran and the deve are said to have been tied. Amiran appeared to be glad, he said he was gladdened by the holy man's soul and by seeing him:

"What is the situation on earth, how is life?"

"So and so are the rites", they said, "the people believe in Christ, the God, all are working, ploughing and sowing."

"How many wheat grains go in under the mill(stone)'s duct?"

"Many wheat grains go, almost half a karwa goes."

"You see! In my time only three small grains went in! And how (many) bean grains go in?"

"Bean grains also go in many, only two handfuls will not."

"In my time bean grains were first to be pounded and then poured. Of what size is the millet, that is, how much of it goes in under the millstone?"

"Millet grains are very small and thus far more goes in."

"Are oaks still existing? Are there oaks growing on earth?"

"Oaks, why not would they exist, there are many oaks. Oh, there are so many oaks standing, as horned devils living on earth."

Mamul Margyan, 60 years old, Mulakhian, 1965.

8.11.1. Jär lix aljārisga malqamše?

Aškw žuywā pils qān ləmgen i aškw pilxān sgwebne češkār xāgnēna i mērme pilxān – ywešgmeš, ečizum ləmārlı i tənd al qān. Anqād imwälaxān werb, z"espzič" əl qanw i eš laxkarwe. Aškw āgis boşa ləmārd. Ečizum ču ləmār, ere ležweg i mežweg xołām dāržin māg eči wera čukwāntēsga ləmāz lasınd. Werb esnār al boşa mučwāržin esāgān i qān amežin ču lalēm. Lädjarälžin werbs esnār qāni barj č"oxşgād i al barjžin ešku xoşa sopel esazigān. Al soplens māl äxmitkwan i ečizum ču l"ere al xołām soplens māj leža xāčo górlaqwras i māj lekwa. Anqād sopel i māl čw"adgār. Sg"äxčwādx murgwāl sopel, mare ka dēmte mōl äspex i ču deš adtupürex. Anqād ešku zurāl, loxwrek čeri i ašwxān leža k"äxtüpüre tūp, wišdwš k"ädsige mērmate i mērmaxāni k"ädtüpüre i ečkānyo ž"änkid tūp, čit" ädsipane, mare miča bepšwi lepguri ka deš axpase. Amžin quruxānžin šdugwd ansķine, xapkeč mālā žwers i čķwām aš laxkarwe quručün, mare miča činčlārs twit nāpud deš axādx. Jär ləmārx aljārisga mašene ləqmās?

svanuri enis krestomatiā, No 179

jär	li-x	alj-är-isga	malqamše?	aškw ¹⁸⁷	žuywā
whoNOM	is-PL	this-PL-in	the strongestNOM	oneGEN	seaGEN

pil-s	qän	ləmgen	i	ašxw	gil-xän	sgwebne 188
shore-LOC/DAT	oxNOM	8:stood	also	oneDAT	shore-from	front
čəšk-är	x-ä+g+n+tēn-a				i	mērme ¹⁸⁹
leg-PL	8(13):to it-”VS”+stand+THEME+PRT.MD-RSL				also	other”NOM”
gil-xän	ywešgmeš ¹⁸⁸	ečizum(=ežzum)	ləmär-li	i	tan-d	
shore-from	backNOM	of that size	8:been-is	also	body-TFM	
al	qän.	an-qäd	imwälä-xän		werp,	
this	oxNOM	11:PV-came	somewhere-from		eagleNOM	
ž”+es-pxič”+äl		qanw	i	eš	la-x-karw-e.	
PV”+11:PV-seize+AOR+this		oxDAT	also	so	11:PV-to it-remove-AOR	
ašxw	ägi-s	boṭa		ləmärd.	ečizum	ču
oneDAT	place-LOG/DAT	he-goatNOM	8:existed	of that size	PV'	
ləmär,	ere ležweg	i	mežweg	xoläm	där-žin	mäg
8:been	that herdNOM	also	herdsmanNOM	badDAT	weather-on	allNOM
eči	wera	čukwän-tësga	ləmäz	lašim-d.		
thatGEN	beard	under-into	8:come	for keeping the rain out-TFM		
werp	esnär	al	boṭä	mučw-är-žin	es-a+g-än	
eagleNOM	as if	this	he-goatGEN	hom-PL-on	11:PV-NVS+stand-PRT.MD	
i	qän	ču	la-l-ém.	lädjäräl-žin	werp-s	esnär
also	oxABS/NOM	PV'	11:PV-he-eat	eating-on	eagle-DAT	as if
qän-i	barž		č”+ox-šäd		i	al
ox-GEN	shoulder-bladeABS/NOM	PV”+11:PV-to it+ExVS-fall				this
barž-žin	ešxu	xoša	sopel	es-zig-än ¹⁷⁷ .		al
shoulder-blade-on	one	big	villageNOM	11:PV-dwell-PRT.MD		this
sopel-s	mäl	ä+x-mitkw-än				i
village-DAT	foxNOM	11:PV+to it+IVS-get	accustomed to-PRT.MD			also
ečizum	ču	l”+ěre	al	xošäm	sopel-s	mäj
of that size	PV'	is+that	this	bigDAT	village-DAT	whatNOM
x-ä+čo	gör-laqwra-s		i	mäj	lekwa.	an-qäd
1:to it-ExVS+do	door-window-DAT	also	whatNOM		westwards	11:PV-came
sopel	i	mäl		čw”+ad-gär ¹¹⁰ .		
villageNOM	also	foxABS/NOM		PV”+11:PV-kill		
sg”+äx-čwäd-x		murgwäl	sopel,		mare	ka
PV”+11:PV+to it+ExVS-beset-PL		rounded	villageNOM		but	PV'
dēmte	mōš	ä+sp-e-x		i	ču	deš
to nowhere	separate	1:NVS+turn-THEME-PL	also	PV'	not by any means	
ad-čupür-e-x.		an-qäd	ešxu	zuräl,		
11:PV+NVS-skin-AOR-PL		11:PV-came	one	womanNOM		
loč+w-rek		čeri		i		
11:PV+to it+ExVS-tuck under		wooden	spindleABS/NOM			
aš(x)w-xän	leža	k”+äx-čupür-e		čup,		
one-from	upward	PV”+11:PV+to it+NVS-skin-AOR		skinABS/NOM		

wišd-wš	k"+äd-eip-e	mérma-te	i	mérma-xän-i
kick-INST	PV'+11:PV+NVS-turn-AOR	otherDAT-to	also	other-from-also
k"+äd-čupür-e	i	ečkän-yo	ž"+än-kid	
PV'+11:PV+NVS-skin-AOR	also	then-after	PV'+11:PV+IVS-take	
čup,	či-t"+äd-čipan-e,	mare miča	bepłw-i	
skinABS/NOM	all-to+11:PV-turn round-AOR	but	thatGEN	child-GEN
lepgür-i	ka deš	a-x-pase-e.		
for cap-also	PV'	not by any means	11:PV-to it-(make)become-AOR	
am-žin	quru-xän-žin	šlugw-d	an-skine,	x-a-pxeč
this-øn	hole-from-on	mouse-ERG	11:PV-jump-AOR	11:to it-NVS-seized
mäl-ä	žwera-s	i	çkwläm	al la-x-karw-e
fox-GEN	flesh-DAT	also	momently	so 11:PV-to it-remove-AOR
quru-čün,	mare	miča	çinčl-är-s	twit nāpu-d
hole-down	but	thatGEN	mousy-PL-DAT	one apiece piece-TFM
deš		a-x-äd-x.	jär	lemär-x
not by any means		11:PV-them-sufficient-PL	whoNOM	8:been-PL
alj-är-isga	mašene	ləqmäš?		
this-PL-in	mostNOM	strongNOM		

Which of Them are the Strongest?

An ox was standing by a sea; with the fore feet on one shore and the hind feet on the other, of such a size and appearance was this ox! An eagle came down from somewhere, seized the ox and carried it away. There was a goat in some land. This goat was of such a size that an ox herd with the herdsman all together used to hide themselves under its beard to keep the rain out in bad weather. The eagle appears to have perched on the horns of this goat and to have eaten the ox there. While the eagle was eating, the ox's shoulder-blade seems to have fallen down, and a big village settled on this shoulder-blade. A fox began to frequent this village, and it was of such a size that it turned the front and back of the village now to the east and now to the west. The villagers came and killed the fox. All of them surrounded it but did not move it a bit, nor could they skin it. A woman came, tucked a wooden spindle under it and skinned it from the upper side. She overturned it with a kick and skinned it from the other side. Then she took the skin, rolled it on all sides but it was not sufficient even for her child's cap. At that moment a mouse jumped out of a hole. It seized the fox's flesh and in a trice carried it away down the hole. However, even one piece apiece was not sufficient for its little ones. Which of them appear to have been the strongest?

svanuri enis krestomatia, No 179

8.11.2. Imeg āri čxu qän. Zuýw"ečken lardad xaču, zuýw" amxen lagwrad. Anqäd akw ladey čxu verb, ž"änkid a qän i adje. Akw mindorlisga mežegs xegäd ļeg i am mežegiš piķwiš mečärzi esgurda ləqand al verb. Al piķwiš čukwa k"āri hedurd andaw i ļeg māg lankejird. Ešku andaw k"ānsgidiw piķw čukwaxenka. Amži werbs

leqđdān pxeđlān oxğāđ i naywžurs tete otğāđ. Anqāđx andawa i lawxijäršw i tgenäršw k'orķidi. Am pxeđlānzi eđdori mezge eszığān. Al sopesl āxmitkwān eļxu mal i let šw isgaxebergi i ž"ispune pxeđlāns, qor xarx, ešte laqwrəls xečo. Osdařex ašxw let ču al mezgold i čw"adgärx mal. Merma ladey apmurex al mals. Aňkwen lekwa k"adțumurex. Atke mermaxen zi lispe xakuč, mare deš åspex i isg" åxşədñ māg xoşa i xoxwra. Mare eňyaj zi deš ansipec. Ser luțmurexen lekwaş tup k"axkwicx. K"axkwicx i hedurd am soplis xošem i xokrem pagw i keš čimi k"äxpas. Aňxw ladey anyri eļxu zural. Naywžur zi xăçitx. Älte eňzi anyri ameleža. Xečäd al malws i lokreň čeri i žiňču eszipe. Axțim ka i miča naywžuriş pagw deš äxpas.

Aýwe, muhwnara, gud emoš qednid, jär li amärisga mašene xoşa: qāna, werba, piķwa, andawa, māla, zurala, miča gezal?

svanuri enis krešomatia, No 233

imeg	äri	eļxu	qān.	zuŷw"+teč-xen	larda-d
where	is	oneNOM	oxNOM	sea+that-from	livingish-TFM
x-e-ku,		zuŷw"+am-xen	lagwra-d.	an-qāđ	aňkw
1:to it-"VS"-want		sea+this-from	lyingish-TFM	11:PV-came	oneDAT
ladey	eļxu	werb,	ž"+än-kid	a	qān
dayNOM.AV	oneNOM	eagleNOM	PV+11:PV+IVS-take	this	oxABS/NOM
i	ad-j-e ⁸⁰		aňkw	mindor-l-isga	meňeg-s
also	11:PV-take	away-AOR	oneDAT	field-DIMIN-in	herdsman-DAT
x-e-g-ä ³⁶		žeg	i	am ⁸¹ meňeg-iš	piķw-iš
2:him-"VS"-have-PRT.MD-IF	herdNOM	also	this	herdsman-GEN	goat-GEN
mæč-är-ži ¹⁹⁰	esgur-da		laqan-d	al	werp.
horn-PL-on	11:PV+sit down-IF	for	oxing-TFM	this	eagleNOM
piķw-iš	čukwa	k"+äri	hedurd	andaw	i
goat-GEN	under	PV+H:be(enough)	quite	shepherdNOM	also
māg	lankejird.	eļxu	andaw	k"+än-egid-iw	piķw
allNOM	refreshingish	one	shepherdNOM	PV+11:PV-glance-IF	goat
čukwa-kenka.	am-ži	werb-s	laqđdān	pxeđlān	
under-out of	this-on	eagle-DAT	pickedNOM	shoulder-bladeNOM	
ox-ägäđ ¹⁹¹	i	naywžur-s	te-te	ot-ğäđ ¹⁹¹	
11:PV+to it+ExVS-fall	also	youth-DAT	eye-to	11:PV+into it+ExVS-fall	
an-qāđ-x	andaw-a	i	laxwijär-šw	i	
11:PV-came-PL	shepherd-PL.NOM	also	spade+PL-INST	also	
tgen-är-šw	k"+ox-äid-x.		am ⁸¹		
stick-PL-INST	PV'+11:PV+to it+ExVS-take-PL		this		
pxeđlān-ži	eđdori	mezge	es-zig-än.	al	
shoulder-blade-on	12	farmNOM	11:PV-dwelj-PRT.MD	this	
sopel-s	ä+x-mitkw-än		eļxu	mal	
village-DAT	11:PV+to it+IVS-get	accustomed to-PRT.MD	one	foxNOM	
i	let-šw	isga	x-e-berg-i	i	ž"+ä+sp-un-e
also	night-TFM	PV'	1:to it-ExVS-seize-MD	also	PV'+1:NVS+turn-CS-THEME

pxətlān-s, gor x-a-r-x, ešte
 shoulder-blade-DAT doorNOM 1:to it-^{"VS"}-be-PL to there
 laqwrol-s x-e-čo. os-darž-e-x
 window+PL-DAT 1:to it-ExVS-do 11:PV+to it+ExVS-watch for-AOR-PL
 ašxw let ču al mezgol-d i čw"+ad-gär-x
 oneDAT nightNOM.AV PV' this family+PL-ERG also PV'+11:PV-kill-PL
 mal. merma ladęy a-tmur-e-x al mal-s.
 foxABS/NOM secondDat dayNOM.AV 1:NVS-skin-THEME-PL this fox-DAT
 ašxwen lekwa k"+ad-tumur-e-x. atxe merma-xen
 oneDAT+from downward PV'+11:PV+NVS-skin-AOR-PL now otherDAT-from
 ži lispe x-a-ku-x, mare deš
 PV' turningNOM 1:him-^{"VS"}-want-PL but not by any means
 a+sp-e-x i äx-šed-x mäg
 1:NVS+turn-THEME-PL also PV'+1:PV+to it+ExVS-handle-PL allNOM
 xoša i xoxwra. mare ežya-j ži deš
 bigNOM also smallNOM but because of it-also PV' not by any means
 an-sip-e-x . ser lužmure-xen lekwaš¹⁹² tūp
 11:PV+NVS-turn-AOR-PL already skinned-from downwardal skinABS/NOM
 k"+ax-kwic-x. k"axkwicx i hedurd am⁸¹
 PV'+11:PV+to it+ExVS-cut short-PL 11 also quite this
 sopl-iš xošem i xoxrem pagw- i keš čimi
 village-GEN bigGEN also smallGEN capNOM also coatNOM of all
 k"+äx-pas. ašxw ladęy an-yr-i¹⁰⁷
 PV'+11:PV+of it+ExVS-become oneDAT dayNOM.AV 1:PV-come-THEME
 ešxu zural. naywžur ži x-a-čitx. ä-ite
 oneNOM womanNOM boyNOM PV' 1:her-^{"VS"}-cubit 1:NVS+spin
 ež-ži an-yr-i ame-leža. x-e-čad¹⁰⁹
 that-on 1:PV-come-THEME here-up 11:of it-ExVS-to catch sight
 al malw-s i lox-rek čeri
 this fox-DAT also 11:PV+to it+ExVS-tuck under spindleABS/NOM
 i žibä+j-ču es-sip-e. a-x-čwim ka
 also up+also-down 11:PV+NVS-turn-AOR 11:PV+to it(+NVS)-strip PV'
 i miča naywžur-iš pagw deš
 also thatGEN child-GEN capNOM not by any means
 äx-pas. aywe, muhwnart-a, gu-d em+oš
 11:PV+of it+ExVS-become and now listener+PL heart-TFM this+INST
 qed-ni-d¹⁰⁷, jär li am-är-isga mašene xoša: qän-a,
 5:come-MD-PL whoNOM is this-PL-in mostNOM bigNOM ox-PTC.IRG
 werb-a, piķw-a, andaw-a, mal-a, zural-a, miča gezal?
 eagle-IRG goat-IRG shepherd-IRG fox-IRG woman-IRG thatGEN sonNOM

There is an ox somewhere. He has to live beyond the sea and to sleep on this side of the sea. One day an eagle came [down], took the ox and carried it away. On one field a herdsman had an ox herd, and the eagle perched on the horns of this herdsman's goat to eat the ox. Under this goat all shepherds and the herd (may) have enough

room to refresh themselves. One shepherd cast a glance from below the goat. At that moment a picked shoulder-blade fell down from the eagle and got into the boy's eye. The other shepherds came and pulled it out with boughs and spades. Twelve farms settled on this shoulder-blade. A fox began to frequent this village seizing and turning the shoulder-blade night by night, making windows, where the village had doors. One night villagers watched for the fox and killed it. The next day they are skinning the fox. They skinned it form the west and now are going to overturn it on the other side but cannot turn it. So they all together, big and small, set with their feet against it, but they could not turn it in this way either. Then they cut off only the western part of the skin. They cut it and it was enough to make caps and coats for all of them, for both big and small ones. One day a woman comes. She carries a child (boy). She spins thus coming here up. She saw the fox, tucked a spindle under and turned it over from below. She stripped it off but even a cap for her boy could not come of it.

Now, listeners, think, which of them is the biggest: the ox, the eagle, the goat, the shepherd, the fox, the woman, or her son?

svanuri enis krestomatia, No 233

8.12. Txere i žey

Ardx¹⁹³ ešku jexw-čäš. Aljärs xordx¹⁹³ ešku xoča lugwär žey. Ašw lädey žey ačäd cxeke. Žeys laxxwid mäjdär txere. Txere läxcediw žeys: imya"ser li amži lugwär. Žeyd xäkwe¹⁴⁵, ere mič marol eser ädjärix. Ečkas txere läxcediw: imya"ser ädjärix. Imya i kors i dabärs eser ilče letšw. Lädeyw čw"eser abemx. Letšw, cxaj, ž"ese pišwdx¹¹⁶. Tixeret xäkwe: jaj eser xenqreni korte. Žeyd imed xäkwe: ezer eserow.

Čiškarisg" esyordx¹⁹³, ečkas txere xečad ešku märes i yešd ädkine. Asäd amži mäjdär txere.

svanuri enis krestomatia, No 235

a-r-d-x ¹⁹³	ešku	jexw-čäš.	alj-är-s	x-o-r-d-x ¹⁹³
2:NVS-be-IF-PL	oneNOM	wife-husbandNOM	this-PL-DAT	2:him-ExVS-be-IF-PL
ešku	xoča	lugwär žey.	ašw	lädey žey ačäd
oneNOM	goodNOM	fat dogNOM	oneDAT	dayNOM.AV
cxeč-te.	žey-s	la-x-x wi-d		mäjdär txere.
forest-to	dog-DAT	11:PV-to it-ExVS+meet-IF	hungry	wolfNOM
txere	lä+x-čed-iw	žey-s:	imya+"ser	li amži lugwär.
wolfNOM	11:PV+to it+ExVS-ask-IF	dog-DAT	why+said	is thus fatNOM
žey-d	x-ä+kw-e ¹⁴⁵ ;	ere	mič	mar+ol eser
dog-ERG	11:to it-ExVS+said-AOR	that	thatDAT	man+PL said
ä+djäri-x.	ečkas	txere	lä+x-čed-iw:	imya+"ser
1:PV+feed-THEME-PL	then	wolfNOM	11:PV+to it +ExVS-ask-IF	why-said
ä+djäri-x.	imya	i kor-s	i dab-är-s	eser
1:PV+feed-THEME-PL	why	also house-DAT	also ground-PL-DAT	said

i-č-e	let-šw.	lädey-šw	čw"-eser	ä+bem-x.
1:IVS-guard-THEME	night-INST	day-INST	PV'+said	1:NVS+tie up-PL
let-šw,	cxäj,	ž"+ese	pišwd-e-x ¹¹⁶ .	txere-d
night-INST	indeed	PV'+said	1:let-THEME-PL	wolf-ERG
x-ä+kw-e:		žä+j	eser	x-e-nqr-en-i
11:to it-ExVS+said-AOR	itself+also	said	1:to it-ExVS+lead-MD-THEME	
kor-te.	žey-d	imed	x-ä+kw-e:	ezer
house-to	dog-ERG	Geor.hopeAV	11:to it-ExVS+said-AOR	good
eser-ow.		čiškar-isg"+es-y a r-d-x ¹⁹³ ,	ečkas	txere
said+PTC.CNJ	Geor.:gate-in+2:PV-go-JF-PL		then	wolfNOM
x-e-čäd		ešku	märe-s	i
11:him-ExVS-caught sight	one"NOM"	man-DAT	also	backwards
äd-kin-e.	a-sfd	amži	mäjdär	txere.
11:PV+IVS-ran away-AOR	11:PV-remained	thus	hungryNOM	wolfNOM

A Wolf and a Dog

Once there lived a wife and a husband. They had a good fat dog. One day the dog went into the forest. A hungry wolf met him. The wolf asked the dog, "Why are you so fat?" The dog answered that his people fed him. Then the wolf asked, "Why do they feed you?" "That is because I guard the house and fields by night. By day they chain me up, by night they set me free, of course." The wolf said to him, he would also like to be led to the house. The dog willingly answered, "Well, be it so!"

While passing the gate the wolf saw a man and ran backwards. Thus the wolf remained hungry.

svanuri enis krešomatiā, No 235

8.13. Šdugwi, šdugwi!

Šdugwi, šdugwi, gasarila,
 Imte, imte? – Čem lašgomte.
 Čem mäj žär? – Gicriš.
 Gičar im žäčo? – Mičws lämgiče.
 Mičw mäj žär? – Maškidiš.
 Maškidi im žäčom¹⁹⁴? – Gäčs ämškädnne.
 Gäč mäj žär? – Meleywiš.
 Meleyw im žäčom? – Cwäds¹⁹⁵ lämxwiče.
 Cwäd mäj žär? – Bopšreš.
 Bopšär im žäčomx? – Šgäžws ämerminex.
 Šgäžw mäj žär? – Pätwä muxurjèle.
 Pätw mäj žär? – Katlä lešde.
 Katal im žäčom? – Çinçils lamhedwne.
 Çinçil mäj žär? – Kataljäk.

Katal im ţäčom? – Legrāls āmkwāne.
Legrāl māj ţär? – Ka leķwūne.
Namķwiš māj ţärk? – Katlārjāk.
Katlār im ţäčox¹⁹⁴? – Legrāls adķwānēx piširs.
Legrāl māj ţärk? – Māj i erxi ūdixya lehwdi.
Ūdix māj ţär? – Lekurçil¹⁹⁶.
Kwerçils jās xäčom? – Mišgwa lämtihs.
Namsādw legrāl māj ţärk? – Bardānya lehwdi.
Bardan māj ţär? – Mišgwa xexwmi sačkwār¹⁹⁷.
Xexw iši haswiš li? – Keķnaša.
Keķnaša ime izgēx? – Žihār nēsgajisga.
Isgwi kor ime li? – Gwem Žikān lečērisga.
Magwār kor ūig? – Gun ezer: läsgid dēmxān li.
Lājsad māj ūiri? – Lugwār pexli nākwic i semi gaķ.
Letre ūiqšda mā? – Ādu.
Imxān axāj? – Jursalāmxān āmqid nišgwej maxwāid.
Māj periš li? – Decmēpxēmiš.
Cylili lasgwrad māj ūaga? – Kadri čarel apxw.
Magwār lačwāš li isgu xexw? – Čer čukwān ežgwār dār āri.
Kwerçilte māčsine mā? – Žāčsine.
Im” ēmsguri? – Tablā¹⁹⁸ txum.
Im emdēsgī? – Ūdix ūekwdeni-já gaķ, čī eš ežhāri.
Meyrālad jār gweqēnix? – Čerçnaj ūdugwār ūbāš.

svanuri poezia, I, No 76b

Pelēne, pelēne!

Pelēne, pelēne, išdykautojau,
Kurlink, kurlink? – Šieno prašyti.
Šienas koks (kas per) tau-yr? – Ēriuko.
(Kam tau ūienas? – Dēl ēriuko)
Ēriukas kā tau-veiks? – Ragā nu-man-silaūš (nusilaūš man).
Ragas koks tau-yr? – Kalvio.
Kalvis kā tau-veiks? – Peļiņ numikals.
Peilis koks tau-yr? – Mēsininko.
Mēsininkas kā tau-veiks? – Pjausnī atmipjaus.
Pjausnys koks tau-yr? – Vaiku.
Vaikai kā tau-veiks? – Putpelē man-pagaus.
Putpelē kokia tau-yr? – Soros lasiotoja.
Sora kokia tau-yr? – Vištos (vištai) pabertina.
Višta kā tau-veiks? – Viščiukā man-duos.
Viščiukas koks tau-yr? – Dēl vištos.
Višta kā tau-veiks? – Kiaušinius man-dēs.

Kiaušiniai kokie tau-yr? — Perėtini.
Išperėti kokie tau-yr? — Dėl vištų.
Vištos ką tau-veiks? — Kiaušinius padės gausius.
(Further on the "Baltic" pattern is broken:
Kiaušiniai kokie tau-yr? — Kokie, tai dažnas dėl riešuto duotinas
(i riešutus įmaišyti).
Riešutas koks tau-yr? — Vestuvinis.
Vestuves kam veiksi (darysi = kelsi)? — Mano žmonos giminaičiui.
Atliktiniai kiaušiniai kokie tau-yr? — Dėl audinio duotini
(už audinį atiduotini, atiduoti).
Audinys koks tau-yr? — Mano žmonos dovanā(i).
Žmona kieno dukra yra? — Keknanu.
Keknanai kur gyvena? — Džiharo viduryje.
Tavo namas kur yra? — Viršum karvidės lubininėje.
Koksai namas tau-stovintis? — Labai geras: vaizdo iš niekur nėra.
Skersti kas tau-yra (ką turi)? — Riebių taukų gabalas ir trys graikiški riešutai.
Gérimas tavo-atgabenta? — Taip.
Iš kur paémei? — Iš Jéruzalės atmigabeno mūsų (pelijų) vadas.
Kokios spalvos yra? — Dangaus spalvos.
Nuotaka pasodinti ką turi? — Žemės rainą varlę.
Kokios išvaizdos yra tavo žmona? — Po lubomis jai-lygi niekas yra (nėra).
I vestuvėlės pamikviesi? — Patikviesiu.
Kur mane pasodins? — Stalo galvoje.
Ką pamidési? — Riešuto panorësi-ar graikiško riešuto, visko šiaip tau pribersiu.
Dainininkais ką mes visi turësime? — Cypiu peliū(kštui) gausiai.

Oh Mouse, Mouse!

Oh mouse, mouse, the naughty one,
Where, where are you hurrying? — To ask for hay.
What do you need hay for? — For a ram.
What will the ram do for you? — It will break its horn for me.
What do you need the horn for? — For a smith.
What will the smith do for you? — He will forge a knife for me.
What do you need the knife for? — For a butcher.
What will the butcher do for you? — He will cut a schnitzel for me.
What do you need the schnitzel for? — For children.
What will the children do for you? — They will catch a quail for me.
What do you need the quail for? — To gather a millet.
What do you need the millet for? — To strew it to a hen.
What will the hen do for you? — It will give me a chicken.
What do you need the chicken for? — For a hen.
What will the hen do for you? — It will lay me eggs.

What do you need the eggs for? — For hatching.
What do you need the hatched ones for? — For hens.
What will the hens do for you? — They will lay many eggs.
What do you need the eggs for? — What I need is to mix some (of them) up in nuts.
What do you need the nuts for? — For a wedding.
Who do you arrange the wedding for? — For my wife's relative.
What do you need the left (spare) eggs for? — To let them be had for a cloth.
What do you need the cloth for? — For wife's presenting.
Whose daughter is your wife? — The Keknans'.
Where do the Keknans dwell? — In the middle of Djihar.
Where is your house? — In the ceiling arranged over the cowshed.
What house is standing for you there? — A very good house: there is no sight of it from anywhere.
What do you have to be butchered? — A cut of fat grease and three walnuts.
Have you brought any drink? — Yea.
Where have you taken it from? — Our chief has brought it for me from Jerusalem.
What colour is it? — The sky's colour.
Who do you have (to sit) for a bride? — A streaky land frog.
What appearance is your wife of? — Nobody equal to her lives under the ceiling.
Will you invite me to the wedding? — I will invite you.
Where will you seat me? — At the head of the table.
What will you put for me? — Nuts or walnuts, whatever you desire, so I will strew you all.
Whom shall we have for singers? — Squeaky little mice in plenty.

svanuri poezia, I, No 76b (abridged)

8.14. Nätelä

Woj sabrala Nätelä,
Simind ejwe Nenqeraxen,
Šuķwiisga lebild ajxwija¹⁹⁹,
Lapərcāmiču läjšxuna.
 Sel-sel ajsema yešgimxen,
Xoša herçem čeňkzi jääywča;
Näteläs paguld xoķwara²⁰⁰,
Herçemd mole laxkunale,
Häkled xaqid, gänte adkwär.
 Näteläs čapel xoķwara,
Herçem čapelsi xäsedä,
Näteläs kaed xäyeča...
Näteläs korte xohija.
 — A, xola eser ʒi zural,
Qor-laqwra xočamdoyw ačwmin²⁰¹,

Xola mušgwri eser bac xark,
 Lädi češxži mič rok xäywča.
 Hams zural ži olgeneli,
 Laqwr" otčara, baž k"atčeda:
 Keräs sam workecd xäcxepa,
 Geläršägs txwim nensg/a ("?) xädena.
 Näteläjišw čäng xohodax,
 Ži-loxbina lihširäl(*-?) 202:
 Mädišw eser xeqəräl(*-?)
 Ka oyw eswkax(*-?) korkenka!
 Limzur-didäbs eser ičo,
 Twit sopels isg" eser ächi.
 Herçems(*-?) txwim ži xočida,
 Ž'(?i?)ad xogira nädisgwži;
 Näteläš cxwi-cäqemnd xohra,
 Herçemnd kinčklisga xogira:
 Herçems(*-?) liixer xobina,
 Näteläš liķwcel xobina.
 Ečken herçem išertkanel,
 Amxen Nätelä iknowäl.
 Usgwa mara säwčawt" eswdax,
 Unčga xabnol isga loxbax,
 Sga xopišwdx Rijente (?)

svanuri poezia, I, No 67

wož	sabrala	nätelä.	simind	e-j-gwe
oh	Geor.:poor	NatelaNOM	Geor.:maizeNOM	1:PV(es)-thee-carry
nenger-a-xen,		šuķw-l-isga	leb-ild	a-j-xwija,
LenkerDAT-from	road-DIMIN-in	bead-DIMIN.NOM		13:PV-thee-find-RSL
läpərčāmi-ču		lä+j-łxun-a.		žel-žel
cartridge-case-under		13:PV+thee+"IVS"-keep-RSL		rustleNOM
a-j-səm-a		yeşgim-xen,	xoča	herçem
13:PV-thee-hear-RSL		behind-from	bigNOM	serpentNOM
ž-ä+ywč-a;		nätelä-s	pag-ulđ	češx-ži
8:thee-NVS+follow-RSL		Natela-DAT	cap-DIMIN.NOM	footDAT-on
x-o-kwar-a,		herçem-d	mole	la-x-kunal-e,
13:her-''ExVS''-hurl-RSL		serpent-ERG	a bit	11:PV-to it-anuff-AOR
häked	x-a-qid,	gän-te		ad-kwär.
tailABS	11:to it-NVS-hit	Geor.:from-to		11:PV-hurled
nätelä-s	čapel	x-o-kwar-a,		herçem
Natela-DAT	shoeNOM	13:her-''ExVS''-hurl-RSL		serpentNOM
čapel-s-i	x-ä+sed-a,	nätelä-s		kaed
shoe-DAT-also	13:to it-''NVS''+avoid-RSL	Natela-DAT		again
x-ä+yęč-a...		nätell-s	kor-te	
13:her-''NVS''+follow-RSL		Natela-DAT	house-to	

x-o-hi-j-a.		a, xola eser ži zural,	
13:her-"ExVS"-reach-GLIDE-RSL	oh	quickly!	said she womanNOM
gor-laqwra	xočamđ-oγw	a+čwmin,	xola mušgwri
door-windowABS	well.PTC.CNJ	11:PV(ad)+make	bad guestNOM
eser bac	x-ar-x,	lädi	češx-ži mič rok
said possible	1:him-be-PL	to-day	footDAT-on herDAT said
x-ä+γwč-a.		ham-s	zural ži
8:her-NVS+follow-RSL		morning-LOC/DAT	womanNOM PV'up
o+gene+li,	laqwr"+		ot-čar-a,
13:PV(an)+stood+is	windowNOM+13:PV(ad)+her+"ExVS"-open-RSL		
baž	k"+at-čed-a:		kerä-s sam
mindNOM	PV'+13:PV+her-go-RSL	baking-table-DAT	threeDAT
workec-d	x-ä+cxep-a,	geläršäp-s	txwim
twofold-TFM.AV	13:to it.-"NVS"+wind-RSL	Geor.:draggon-DAT	headNOM
nensga	x-ä+d-en-a.		nätelä-j-iš-w
in the middle	13:to it.-"NVS"+lay-PRT.MD-RSL		Natela-GLIDE-GEN-for
čäng	x-o-hod-a-x,	ži	lox-bin-a
changNOM	13:him-"ExVS"-give-RSL-PL	PV'	13:PV+her+"ExVS"-begin-RSL
lihširäl:	mädil-šw	eser	x-e-qeräl, ka
M.shair-recitingNOM	grace-INST	said	1:to it-ExVS-entreat PV'
oyw	es-w-kax	kor-xenka!	limzur-didäb-s
PTC.CNJ	11:PV-to it+Ex VS-remove	house-out of	prayer-adoration-DAT
eser i-čo,	twit	sopel-s	isg"+eser
said 1(4):IVS-make	Geor.:each	Geor.:village-LOC/DAT	int+said
ä+čh-i.	herçem-s	txwim	ži
5:NVS+invite-THEME	serpent-DAT	headNOM	PV'
x-o-kid-a,	ž"+ad	x-o-gir-a	
13:to it.-"ExVS"-took-RSL	again	13:to it.-"ExVS"-hit-RSL	
nädisgw-ži	nätelä-s	cxwi-caqəmd	x-o-hr-a,
laidDAT-on;	Natela-DAT	arrow-bowNOM	13:her-"ExVS"-ask-RSL
herçem-d	kiňčxl-isga	x-o-gir-a:	herçem-s
serpent-TFM	neck-in	13:her-"ExVS"-hit-RSL	serpent-DAT
lixer	x-o-bin-a,		nätelä-s
M.collapsingNOM	13:to it.-"ExVS"-begin-RSL		Natela-DAT
likwcel	x-o-bin-a.	ečxen	herçem
M.moaningNOM	13:her-"ExVS"-begin-RSL	there	serpentNOM
i-čertkanel,	amxen nätelä	i-knowäl,	usgwa mara
1:IVS-coil	here NatelaNOM	1:IVS-agonize	sixDAT manDAT
sawčaw-t"+	es-w-d-a-x,	unčga	xabn-ol
sledge-to+13:PV-him+"ExVS"-put-RSL-PL		untrained	bullock-PL.NOM
isga	lox-b-a-x,	sga	x-o-pišwd-a-x
PV'	13:PV+him+"ExVS"-tie-RSL-PL	PV'	13:him-"ExVS"-let-RSL-PL
rijen-te.			
Rion-to			

Oh poor Natela,
You are carrying maize from Lenker,
On the road you have found a small bead,
You have kept it under the cartridge-case bag.
 You have heard a rustle from behind,
A big serpent had been following close behind you;
Natela (has) hurled a small cap²⁰⁰,
The serpent a bit snuffed,
With its tail hit, away hurled it (threw the cap away).

Natela hurled a shoe,
The serpent avoided the shoe, too,
Close behind Natela it followed again...
Natela reached her house.

— Come along, oh woman,
The door-windows shut²⁰¹ well!
They have a bad guest possible,
To-day close behind her it has followed.

In the morning the woman stood up,
A window she opened, her mind went away (went clouded):
Round the iron baking-table it had threefold wound,
The dragon had laid its head in the middle.

To Natela they gave a chang¹⁴²,
She began shair-reciting²⁰⁴:
 — She kindly entreats it,
It should go away from the house!
Prayer-adoration she will do,
A person of each home of the village she will invite.

The serpent raised its head,
Once again hit the place where it had been laid;
Natela asked for an arrow-bow,
The serpent's neck she hit:
The serpent began collapsing,
Natela began moaning.

There the serpent is coiling,
Here Natela is agonizing.
Six men put it on a sledge,
Untrained bullocks they tied to it,
They let it down into Engur.